

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB3640

Introduced 2/24/2005, by Rep. Lou Lang

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Intercity Development Act. Provides that economically distressed communities may, by appointing a Board of Economic Advisors, receive assistance under the Act. Provides that the Board shall create a revitalization plan for the community. Provides that the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall, subject to appropriation, make grants to those communities for the operational expenses of the Board. Provides that Boards shall seek funding sources to enhance economic development. Amends the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. Expands the peace officer powers of certain Department of Revenue investigators. Amends the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act. Increases certain prize limits. Amends the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and the Riverboat Gambling Act to authorize the conduct of gambling using slot machines and video games of chance at race tracks. Further amends the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 to delete the recapture provisions and to repeal provisions concerning the pari-mutuel tax credit and the Horse Racing Equity Fund. Imposes an admission tax of \$1 for each person who enters the grounds of an organization licensee. Makes changes concerning the distribution of breakage. Provides that, subject to the availability of horses, certain races that are limited to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses or both shall be limited to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled maidens. Authorizes 2 or more existing organization licensees to integrate into a single integrated organization. Makes other changes. Amends the Riverboat Gambling Act. Reduces the admission tax. Reduces the wagering tax. Authorizes an owners licensee to operate up to 2,000 gaming positions (rather than limit the number of gambling participants to 1,200). Provides that a licensee that successfully bids for unused positions may operate those positions in addition to the positions authorized by its license. Authorizes an owners license to relocate a portion of its slot machines to its home dock facility. Requires owners licensees to pay an aggregate amount of \$130,000,000 to the Gaming Board by July 1, 2006 for deposit into the State Gaming Fund. Makes other changes. Amends the Criminal Code of 1961 to provide that certain provisions that apply to riverboat gambling also apply to slot machine gambling at race tracks. Amends Public Act 91-40 to replace that Act's inseverability clause with a severability clause. Preempts home rule concerning the regulation of electronic gaming. Provides that certain tax moneys from riverboat gambling shall be paid into the Local Riverboat Gaming Distributive Fund and paid to counties that do not have a riverboat dock within its borders. Makes other changes. Amends the State Finance Act to create the Intercity Development Fund, the Local Riverboat Gaming Distributive Fund, and the South Suburban Assistance Fund. Effective immediately.

LRB094 09367 AMC 39612 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 AN ACT concerning gaming.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Intercity Development Act.
- 6 Section 5. Findings and purpose.
 - (a) The General Assembly finds that:
- 8 (1) There is a great need for economic revitalization 9 in many communities throughout this State.
 - (2) Each community has valuable resources at its fingertips that can be tapped in the revitalization process.
 - (3) With adequate support and assistance from the State and other resources, each community can participate in and shepherd its own economic renewal.
 - (4) Successful redevelopment plans are based on policy that is responsive to the existing composition and character of the economically distressed community and that allows and compels the community to participate in the redevelopment planning process.
 - (5) A successful redevelopment initiative creates and maintains a capable and adaptable workforce, has access to capital, has a sound fiscal base, has adequate infrastructure, has well-managed natural resources, and has an attractive quality of life.
- 26 (b) It is the purpose of this legislation to provide a 27 mechanism for an economically distressed community to use in 28 its efforts to revitalize the community.
- 29 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Section:
- "Community" means a municipality, a county with respect to the unincorporated areas of a county, and any combination of

1 municipalities and counties acting jointly.

2 "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic
3 Opportunity.

"Economically distressed community" means any community that is certified by the Department as being in the highest 3% of all communities in the State in its rate of unemployment, its poverty rate, and the rate of bankruptcy petitions filed.

Section 15. Certification; Board of Economic Advisors.

- (a) In order to receive the assistance as provided in this Act, a community shall first, by ordinance passed by its corporate authorities, request that the Department certify that it is an economically distressed community. The community must submit a certified copy of the ordinance to the Department. After review of the ordinance, if the Department determines that the community meets the requirements for certification, the Department shall certify the community as an economically distressed community.
- (b) A community that is certified by the Department as an economically distressed community may appoint a Board of Economic Advisors to create and implement a revitalization plan for the community. The Board shall consist of 12 members of the community, appointed by the mayor or the presiding officer of the county or jointly by the presiding officers of each municipality and county that have joined to form a community for the purposes of this Act. The Board members shall be appointed from the 12 sectors vital to community redevelopment as follows:
 - (1) A member representing households and families.
- (2) A member representing religious organizations.
 - (3) A member representing educational institutions.
- 31 (4) A member representing daycare centers, care centers for the handicapped, and care centers for the disadvantaged.
- 34 (5) A member representing community-based 35 organizations such as neighborhood improvement

1.3

- 1 associations.
- 2 (6) A member representing federal and State employment 3 service systems, skill training centers, and placement 4 referrals.
 - (7) A member representing Masonic organizations, fraternities, sororities, and social clubs.
 - (8) A member representing hospitals, nursing homes, senior citizens, public health agencies, and funeral homes.
 - (9) A member representing organized sports, parks, parties, and games of chance.
 - (10) A member representing political parties, clubs, and affiliations, and election related matters concerning voter education and participation.
 - (11) A member representing the cultural aspects of the community, including cultural events, lifestyles, languages, music, visual and performing arts, and literature.
 - (12) A member representing police and fire protection agencies, prisons, weapons systems, and the military industrial complex.

The Board shall meet initially within 30 days after its appointment, shall select one member as chairperson at its initial meeting, and shall thereafter meet at the call of the chairperson. Members of the Board shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their reasonable and necessary expenses from funds available for that purpose.

(b) The Board shall create a 3-year to 5-year revitalization plan for the community. The plan shall contain distinct, measurable objectives for revitalization. The objectives shall be used to guide ongoing implementation of the plan and to measure progress during the 3-year to 5-year period. The Board shall work in a dynamic manner defining goals for the community based on the strengths and weaknesses of the individual sectors of the community as presented by each member of the Board. The Board shall meet periodically and revise the

- 1 plan in light of the input from each member of the Board
- 2 concerning his or her respective sector of expertise. The
- 3 process shall be a community driven revitalization process,
- 4 with community-specific data determining the direction and
- 5 scope of the revitalization.
- 6 Section 20. Action by the Board.
- 7 (a) Organize. The Board shall first assess the needs and
- 8 the resources of the community operating from the basic premise
- 9 that the family unit is the primary unit of community and that
- 10 the demand for goods and services from this residential sector
- is the main source of recovery and growth for the redevelopment
- of a community. The Board shall inventory community assets,
- including the condition of the family with respect to the role
- of the family as workers, consumers, and investors. The Board
- 15 shall inventory the type and viability of businesses and
- 16 industries currently in the community. In compiling the
- inventory, the Board shall rely on the input of each Board
- 18 member with respect to his or her expertise in a given sector
- 19 of the revitalization plan.
- 20 (b) Revitalize. In implementing the revitalization plan,
- 21 the Board shall focus on and build from existing resources in
- 22 the community, growing existing businesses rather than luring
- 23 business into the community from the outside. The Board shall
- 24 also focus on the residents themselves rather than jobs. The
- 25 Board shall promote investment in training residents in areas
- 26 that will lead to employment and in turn will bring revenue
- into the community.
- 28 (c) Mobilize. The Board shall engage in the dynamic process
- 29 of community self-revitalization through a continuous
- 30 reassessment of the needs of the community in the
- 31 revitalization process. As each goal of the 3-year to 5-year
- 32 plan is achieved, the Board shall draw from the resources of
- its members to establish new goals and implement new strategies
- 34 employing the lessons learned in the earlier stages of
- 35 revitalization.

(d) Advise. The Board shall act as the liaison between the community and the local, county, and State government. The Board shall make use of the resources of these governmental entities and shall provide counsel to each of these bodies with respect to economic development.

The Board shall also act as a liaison between private business entities located in the community and the community itself. The Board shall offer advice and assistance to these entities when requested and provide incentives and support, both economic and otherwise, to facilitate expansion and further investment in the community by the businesses.

The Board shall annually submit a report to the General Assembly and the Governor summarizing the accomplishments of the community concerning revitalization and the goals of the community for future revitalization.

Section 25. Funding sources.

- (a) The moneys appropriated into the Intercity Development Fund, which is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury, shall be allocated as follows:
- 20 (1) 50% shall be paid to the Department to be used to make 21 grants as follows:
- 22 (A) 25% shall be allocated for use within the City of Chicago;
 - (B) 25% shall be allocated for use within Cook County, but outside of the City of Chicago; and
 - (C) 50% shall be allocated to communities that are located outside of Cook County and are certified as economically distressed communities and that have created Boards of Economic Advisors under this Act for the operational expenses of the Boards.
- 31 The procedures for grant applications shall be established 32 by the Department by rule.
- 33 (2) The remaining 50% of the moneys shall be allocated as follows:
- 35 (A) 25% shall be paid, subject to appropriation, to the

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

general fund of the City of Chicago;

- (B) 25% shall be paid, subject to appropriation, to the general fund of Cook County; and
 - (C) 50% shall be paid, subject to appropriation, to the general funds of communities that are located outside of Cook County and are certified as economically distressed communities and that have created Boards of Economic Advisors under this Act for the operational expenses of the Boards.
- (b) The Board, as a vital part of its function, shall seek 10 11 funding sources to enhance economic development. The Board 12 shall seek funding from the local, State, and federal government as well as from private funding sources, whether in 13 the form of grants, loans, or otherwise. The Department shall 14 advise the Board of Economic Advisors created under this Act of 15 16 all available sources of funding for economic development that 17 it is aware of and shall assist the Boards in securing this 18 funding.
- 19 (c) To the extent that there is a gap in funding for 20 economic development, the Board shall recommend possible 21 solutions to be undertaken by the State in addressing this 22 issue to fill the funding gap.
- Section 70. The Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 25 2505-305 as follows:
- 26 (20 ILCS 2505/2505-305) (was 20 ILCS 2505/39b15.1)

 27 Sec. 2505-305. Investigators.
- 28 (a) The Department has the power to appoint investigators
 29 to conduct all investigations, searches, seizures, arrests,
 30 and other duties imposed under the provisions of any law
 31 administered by the Department or the Illinois Gaming Board.
 32 Except as provided in subsection (c), these investigators have
 33 and may exercise all the powers of peace officers solely for
 34 the purpose of enforcing taxing measures administered by the

- 1 Department or the Illinois Gaming Board.
- 2 (b) The Director must authorize to each investigator
- 3 employed under this Section and to any other employee of the
- 4 Department exercising the powers of a peace officer a distinct
- 5 badge that, on its face, (i) clearly states that the badge is
- 6 authorized by the Department and (ii) contains a unique
- 7 identifying number. No other badge shall be authorized by the
- 8 Department.
- 9 (c) Investigators appointed under this Section who are
- 10 assigned to the Illinois Gaming Board have and may exercise all
- 11 the rights and powers of peace officers. provided that these
- 12 powers shall be limited to offenses or violations occurring or
- 13 committed on a riverboat or dock, as defined in subsections (d)
- 14 and (f) of Section 4 of the Riverboat Cambling Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 91-883, eff. 1-1-01; 92-493,
- 16 eff. 1-1-02.)
- 17 Section 75. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is
- 18 amended by changing Sections 1.2, 9, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.1,
- 30, 31, 31.1, 32.1, 36, and 42 and by adding Sections 3.24,
- 3.25, 3.26, 3.27, 34.2, 56, and 57 as follows:
- 21 (230 ILCS 5/1.2)
- Sec. 1.2. Legislative intent. This Act is intended to
- 23 benefit the people of the State of Illinois by encouraging the
- 24 <u>breeding and production of race horses,</u> assisting economic
- 25 development, and promoting Illinois tourism. The General
- 26 Assembly finds and declares it to be the public policy of the
- 27 State of Illinois to:
- 28 (a) support and enhance Illinois' horse racing industry,
- 29 which is a significant component within the agribusiness
- 30 industry;
- 31 (b) ensure that Illinois' horse racing industry remains
- 32 competitive with neighboring states;
- 33 (c) stimulate growth within Illinois' horse racing
- industry, thereby encouraging new investment and development

- 1 to produce additional tax revenues and to create additional
- 2 jobs;
- 3 (d) promote the further growth of tourism;
- 4 (e) encourage the breeding of thoroughbred and
- 5 standardbred horses in this State; and
- 6 (f) ensure that public confidence and trust in the
- 7 credibility and integrity of racing operations and the
- 8 regulatory process is maintained.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 10 (230 ILCS 5/3.24 new)
- 11 Sec. 3.24. "Adjusted gross receipts" has the same meaning
- 12 as in Section 4 of the Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 13 (230 ILCS 5/3.25 new)
- Sec. 3.25. "Electronic gaming" has the same meaning as in
- 15 <u>Section 4 of the Riverboat Gambling Act.</u>
- 16 (230 ILCS 5/3.26 new)
- Sec. 3.26. "Electronic gaming license" has the same meaning
- as in Section 4 of the Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 19 (230 ILCS 5/3.27 new)
- Sec. 3.27. "Electronic gaming facility" means that portion
- of an organization licensee's race track facility at which
- 22 <u>electronic gaming is conducted.</u>
- 23 (230 ILCS 5/9) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-9)
- Sec. 9. The Board shall have all powers necessary and
- 25 proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this
- Act, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 27 (a) The Board is vested with jurisdiction and supervision
- over all race meetings in this State, over all licensees doing
- 29 business in this State, over all occupation licensees, and over
- 30 all persons on the facilities of any licensee. Such
- 31 jurisdiction shall include the power to issue licenses to the

Illinois Department of Agriculture authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on harness and Quarter Horse races held (1) at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County, and (2) at the DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County. The jurisdiction of the Board shall also include the power to issue licenses to county fairs which are eligible to receive funds pursuant to the Agricultural Fair Act, as now or hereafter amended, or their agents, authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on horse races conducted at the county fairs receiving such licenses. Such licenses shall be governed by subsection (n) of this Section.

Upon application, the Board shall issue a license to the Illinois Department of Agriculture to conduct harness and Quarter Horse races at the Illinois State Fair and at the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds during the scheduled dates of each fair. The Board shall not require and the Department of Agriculture shall be exempt from the requirements of Sections 15.3, 18 and 19, paragraphs (a)(2), (b), (c), (d), (e), (e-5), (e-10), (f), (g), and (h) of Section 20, and Sections 21, 24 and 25. The Board and the Department of Agriculture may extend any or all of these exemptions to any contractor or agent engaged by the Department of Agriculture to conduct its race meetings when the Board determines that this would best serve the public interest and the interest of horse racing.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, it shall be lawful for any licensee to operate pari-mutuel wagering or contract with the Department of Agriculture to operate pari-mutuel wagering at the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds or for the Department to enter into contracts with a licensee, employ its owners, employees or agents and employ such other occupation licensees as the Department deems necessary in connection with race meetings and wagerings.

(b) The Board is vested with the full power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Act and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which all

- horse race meetings or wagering in the State shall be conducted. Such reasonable rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and to promote the best interests of horse racing and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
 - (c) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities and other places of business of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and its rules and regulations.
 - (d) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the authority to investigate alleged violations of the provisions of this Act, its reasonable rules and regulations, orders and final decisions; the Board shall take appropriate disciplinary action against any licensee or occupation licensee for violation thereof or institute appropriate legal action for the enforcement thereof.
 - (e) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any race meeting or the facilities of any licensee, or any part thereof, any occupation licensee or any other individual whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on those facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into question the honesty and integrity of horse racing or wagering or interfere with the orderly conduct of horse racing or wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from the facilities of any licensee solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex. The power to eject or exclude an occupation licensee or other individual may be exercised for just cause by the licensee or the Board, subject to subsequent hearing by the Board as to the propriety of said exclusion.
 - (f) The Board is vested with the power to acquire, establish, maintain and operate (or provide by contract to maintain and operate) testing laboratories and related

3

4

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

facilities, for the purpose of conducting saliva, blood, urine 2 and other tests on the horses run or to be run in any horse race meeting, including races run at county fairs, and to purchase all equipment and supplies deemed necessary or desirable in 5 connection with any such testing laboratories and related 6 facilities and all such tests.

- (g) The Board may require that the records, including financial or other statements of any licensee or any person affiliated with the licensee who is involved directly or indirectly in the activities of any licensee as regulated under this Act to the extent that those financial or other statements relate to such activities be kept in such manner as prescribed by the Board, and that Board employees shall have access to those records during reasonable business hours. Within 120 days of the end of its fiscal year, each licensee shall transmit to the Board an audit of the financial transactions and condition of the licensee's total operations. All audits shall be conducted by certified public accountants. Each certified public accountant must be registered in the State of Illinois under the Illinois Public Accounting Act. The compensation for each certified public accountant shall be paid directly by the licensee to the certified public accountant. A licensee shall also submit any other financial or related information the Board deems necessary to effectively administer this Act and all rules, regulations, and final decisions promulgated under this Act.
- (h) The Board shall name and appoint in the manner provided by the rules and regulations of the Board: an Executive Director; a State director of mutuels; State veterinarians and representatives to take saliva, blood, urine and other tests on horses; licensing personnel; revenue inspectors; and State seasonal employees (excluding admission ticket sellers and mutuel clerks). All of those named and appointed as provided in this subsection shall serve during the pleasure of the Board; their compensation shall be determined by the Board and be paid in the same manner as other employees of the Board under this

1 Act.

- (i) The Board shall require that there shall be 3 stewards at each horse race meeting, at least 2 of whom shall be named and appointed by the Board. Stewards appointed or approved by the Board, while performing duties required by this Act or by the Board, shall be entitled to the same rights and immunities as granted to Board members and Board employees in Section 10 of this Act.
- (j) The Board may discharge any Board employee who fails or refuses for any reason to comply with the rules and regulations of the Board, or who, in the opinion of the Board, is guilty of fraud, dishonesty or who is proven to be incompetent. The Board shall have no right or power to determine who shall be officers, directors or employees of any licensee, or their salaries except the Board may, by rule, require that all or any officials or employees in charge of or whose duties relate to the actual running of races be approved by the Board.
- (k) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section for the purpose of administering this Act and any rules or regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.
- (1) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against an individual and up to \$10,000 against a licensee for each violation of any provision of this Act, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to horse racing or wagering.
- (m) The Board is vested with the power to prescribe a form to be used by licensees as an application for employment for employees of each licensee.
- (n) The Board shall have the power to issue a license to any county fair, or its agent, authorizing the conduct of the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The Board is vested with the full power to promulgate reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which all horse race meetings licensed pursuant to this subsection shall be held and conducted,

including rules, regulations and conditions for the conduct of the pari-mutual system of wagering. The rules, regulations and conditions shall provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of horse racing, and shall prescribe penalties for violations thereof. Any authority granted the Board under this Act shall extend to its jurisdiction and supervision over county fairs, or their agents, licensed pursuant to this subsection. However, the Board may waive any provision of this Act or its rules or regulations which would otherwise apply to such county fairs or their agents.

- (o) Whenever the Board is authorized or required by law to consider some aspect of criminal history record information for the purpose of carrying out its statutory powers and responsibilities, then, upon request and payment of fees in conformance with the requirements of Section 2605-400 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-400), the Department of State Police is authorized to furnish, pursuant to positive identification, such information contained in State files as is necessary to fulfill the request.
- (p) To insure the convenience, comfort, and wagering accessibility of race track patrons, to provide for the maximization of State revenue, and to generate increases in purse allotments to the horsemen, the Board shall require any licensee to staff the pari-mutuel department with adequate personnel.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 28 (230 ILCS 5/20) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-20)
- Sec. 20. (a) Any person desiring to conduct a horse race meeting may apply to the Board for an organization license. The application shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished by the Board. The application shall specify:
- 33 (1) the dates on which it intends to conduct the horse 34 race meeting, which dates shall be provided under Section 35 21;

- (2) the hours of each racing day between which it intends to hold or conduct horse racing at such meeting;
 - (3) the location where it proposes to conduct the meeting; and
 - (4) any other information the Board may reasonably require.
 - (b) A separate application for an organization license shall be filed for each horse race meeting which such person proposes to hold. Any such application, if made by an individual, or by any individual as trustee, shall be signed and verified under oath by such individual. If made by individuals or a partnership, it shall be signed and verified under oath by at least 2 of such individuals or members of such partnership as the case may be. If made by an association, corporation, corporate trustee or any other entity, it shall be signed by the president and attested by the secretary or assistant secretary under the seal of such association, trust or corporation if it has a seal, and shall also be verified under oath by one of the signing officers.
 - (c) The application shall specify the name of the persons, association, trust, or corporation making such application and the post office address of the applicant; if the applicant is a trustee, the names and addresses of the beneficiaries; if a corporation, the names and post office addresses of all officers, stockholders and directors; or if such stockholders hold stock as a nominee or fiduciary, the names and post office addresses of these persons, partnerships, corporations, or trusts who are the beneficial owners thereof or who are beneficially interested therein; and if a partnership, the names and post office addresses of all partners, general or limited; if the applicant is a corporation, the name of the state of its incorporation shall be specified.
 - (d) The applicant shall execute and file with the Board a good faith affirmative action plan to recruit, train, and upgrade minorities in all classifications within the association.

- (e) With such application there shall be delivered to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for an amount equal to \$1,000. All applications for the issuance of an organization license shall be filed with the Board before August 1 of the year prior to the year for which application is made and shall be acted upon by the Board at a meeting to be held on such date as shall be fixed by the Board during the last 15 days of September of such prior year. At such meeting, the Board shall announce the award of the racing meets, live racing schedule, and designation of host track to the applicants and its approval or disapproval of each application. No announcement shall be considered binding until a formal order is executed by the Board, which shall be executed no later than October 15 of that prior year. Absent the agreement of the affected organization licensees, the Board shall not grant overlapping race meetings to 2 or more tracks that are within 100 miles of each other to conduct the thoroughbred racing.
- (e-2) In awarding racing dates for calendar year 2006 and thereafter, the Board shall award the same total number of racing days as it awarded in calendar year 2005 plus an amount as provided in subsection (e-3). In awarding racing dates under this subsection (e-2), the Board shall have the discretion to allocate those racing dates among organization licensees.
- (e-3) Upon request, the Board shall award at least 50 standardbred racing dates to the organization licensee that conducts pari-mutuel wagering at a race track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 inhabitants that borders on the Mississippi River. Any racing dates awarded under this subsection (e-3) that are in excess of the number awarded to that organization licensee in calendar year 2005 shall be in addition to those racing dates awarded under subsection (e-2).
- (e-5) In reviewing an application for the purpose of granting an organization license consistent with the best interests of the public and the sport of horse racing, the

1.3

D ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	~ 1 ~ 1 1	consider:
BOATO	Shall	CONSIGER

- (1) the character, reputation, experience, and financial integrity of the applicant and of any other separate person that either:
 - (i) controls the applicant, directly or indirectly, or
 - (ii) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by that applicant or by a person who controls, directly or indirectly, that applicant;
 - (2) the applicant's facilities or proposed facilities for conducting horse racing;
 - (3) the total revenue without regard to Section 32.1 to be derived by the State and horsemen from the applicant's conducting a race meeting;
 - (4) the applicant's good faith affirmative action plan to recruit, train, and upgrade minorities in all employment classifications;
 - (5) the applicant's financial ability to purchase and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;
 - (6) the applicant's proposed and prior year's promotional and marketing activities and expenditures of the applicant associated with those activities;
 - (7) an agreement, if any, among organization licensees as provided in subsection (b) of Section 21 of this Act; and
 - (8) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets other standards for the issuance of an organization license that the Board shall adopt by rule.

In granting organization licenses and allocating dates for horse race meetings, the Board shall have discretion to determine an overall schedule, including required simulcasts of Illinois races by host tracks that will, in its judgment, be conducive to the best interests of the public and the sport of horse racing.

(e-10) The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act shall apply to administrative procedures of the Board under this Act

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

for the granting of an organization license, except that (1) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of Section 10-40 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding cross-examination, the Board may prescribe rules limiting the right of an applicant or participant in any proceeding to award organization license to conduct cross-examination witnesses at that proceeding where that cross-examination would unduly obstruct the timely award of an organization license under subsection (e) of Section 20 of this Act; (2) the provisions of Section 10-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding proposals for decision are excluded under this Act; (3) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of Section 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding ex parte communications, the Board may parte communications with prescribe rules allowing ex applicants or participants in a proceeding to award an organization license where conducting those communications would be in the best interest of racing, provided all those communications are made part of the record of that proceeding pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act; (4) the provisions of Section 14a of this Act and the rules of the Board promulgated under that Section shall apply instead of the provisions of Article 10 of Illinois Administrative Procedure the Act regarding administrative law judges; and (5) the provisions of subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act that prevent summary suspension of a license pending revocation or other action shall not apply.

(f) The Board may allot racing dates to an organization licensee for more than one calendar year but for no more than 3 successive calendar years in advance, provided that the Board shall review such allotment for more than one calendar year prior to each year for which such allotment has been made. The granting of an organization license to a person constitutes a privilege to conduct a horse race meeting under the provisions of this Act, and no person granted an organization license

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

shall be deemed to have a vested interest, property right, or future expectation to receive an organization license in any subsequent year as a result of the granting of an organization license. Organization licenses shall be subject to revocation if the organization licensee has violated any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations promulgated under this Act or has been convicted of a crime or has failed to disclose or has stated falsely any information called for in the application for an organization license. Any organization license revocation proceeding shall be in accordance with Section 16 regarding suspension and revocation of occupation licenses.

(f-5) If, (i) an applicant does not file an acceptance of the racing dates awarded by the Board as required under part subsection (h) of this Section 20, or (ii) an organization licensee has its license suspended or revoked under this Act, the Board, upon conducting an emergency hearing as provided for in this Act, may reaward on an emergency basis pursuant to rules established by the Board, racing dates not accepted or the racing dates associated with any suspension or revocation period to one or more organization licensees, new any combination thereof, applicants, or upon terms conditions that the Board determines are in the best interest of racing, provided, the organization licensees or new applicants receiving the awarded racing dates file acceptance of those reawarded racing dates as required under paragraph (1) of subsection (h) of this Section 20 and comply the other provisions of this Act. The Illinois Administrative Procedures Act shall not the apply t.o administrative procedures of the Board in conducting the emergency hearing and the reallocation of racing dates on an emergency basis.

- (g) (Blank).
- (h) The Board shall send the applicant a copy of its formally executed order by certified mail addressed to the applicant at the address stated in his application, which notice shall be mailed within 5 days of the date the formal

- 1 order is executed.
- 2 Each applicant notified shall, within 10 days after receipt
- 3 of the final executed order of the Board awarding racing dates:
- 4 (1) file with the Board an acceptance of such award in the form prescribed by the Board;
- 6 (2) pay to the Board an additional amount equal to \$110 7 for each racing date awarded; and
- 8 (3) file with the Board the bonds required in Sections
 9 21 and 25 at least 20 days prior to the first day of each
 10 race meeting.
- Upon compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection (h), the applicant shall be issued an organization license.
- If any applicant fails to comply with this Section or fails to pay the organization license fees herein provided, no organization license shall be issued to such applicant.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 18 (230 ILCS 5/24) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-24)
- 19 Sec. 24. (a) No license shall be issued to or held by an organization licensee unless all of its officers, directors, 20 and holders of ownership interests of at least 5% are first 21 22 approved by the Board. The Board shall not give approval of an 23 organization license application to any person who has been convicted of or is under an indictment for a crime of moral 24 25 turpitude or has violated any provision of the racing law of 26 this State or any rules of the Board.
- 27 (b) An organization licensee must notify the Board within 28 10 days of any change in the holders of a direct or indirect 29 interest in the ownership of the organization licensee. The 30 Board may, after hearing, revoke the organization license of 31 any person who registers on its books or knowingly permits a direct or indirect interest in the ownership of that person 32 without notifying the Board of the name of the holder in 33 interest within this period. 34
- 35 (c) In addition to the provisions of subsection (a) of this

- 1 Section, no person shall be granted an organization license if
- 2 any public official of the State or member of his or her family
- 3 holds any ownership or financial interest, directly or
- 4 indirectly, in the person.
- 5 (d) No person which has been granted an organization
- 6 license to hold a race meeting shall give to any public
- official or member of his family, directly or indirectly, for
- 8 or without consideration, any interest in the person. The Board
- 9 shall, after hearing, revoke the organization license granted
- to a person which has violated this subsection.
- 11 (e) (Blank).
- 12 (f) No organization licensee or concessionaire or officer,
- director or holder or controller of 5% or more legal or
- 14 beneficial interest in any organization licensee or concession
- shall make any sort of gift or contribution that is prohibited
- 16 <u>under Article 10 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics</u>
- 17 Act of any kind or pay or give any money or other thing of value
- 18 to any person who is a public official, or a candidate or
- 19 nominee for public office <u>if that payment or gift is prohibited</u>
- 20 <u>under Article 10 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics</u>
- 21 <u>Act</u>.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)
- 23 (230 ILCS 5/25) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-25)
- Sec. 25. Admissions tax; records and books; bond; penalty.
- 25 (a) There shall be paid to the Board at such time or times
- as it shall prescribe, the sum of fifteen cents (15 $^{\circ}$) for each
- 27 person entering the grounds or enclosure of each organization
- 28 licensee and inter-track wagering licensee upon a ticket of
- admission except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of
- 30 this Act. If tickets are issued for more than one day then the
- 31 sum of fifteen cents (15 $^{\circ}$) shall be paid for each person using
- 32 such ticket on each day that the same shall be used. Provided,
- 33 however, that no charge shall be made on tickets of admission
- issued to and in the name of directors, officers, agents or
- 35 employees of the organization licensee, or inter-track

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

wagering licensee, or to owners, trainers, jockeys, drivers and their employees or to any person or persons entering the grounds or enclosure for the transaction of business in connection with such race meeting. The organization licensee or inter-track wagering licensee may, if it desires, collect such amount from each ticket holder in addition to the amount or amounts charged for such ticket of admission.

(b) Accurate records and books shall at all times be kept and maintained by the organization licensees and inter-track wagering licensees showing the admission tickets issued and used on each racing day and the attendance thereat of each horse racing meeting. The Board or its duly authorized representative or representatives shall at all reasonable times have access to the admission records of any organization licensee and inter-track wagering licensee for the purpose of examining and checking the same and ascertaining whether or not the proper amount has been or is being paid the State of Illinois as herein provided. The Board shall also require, before issuing any license, that the licensee shall execute and deliver to it a bond, payable to the State of Illinois, in such sum as it shall determine, not, however, in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), with a surety or sureties to be approved by it, conditioned for the payment of all sums due and payable or collected by it under this Section upon admission fees received for any particular racing meetings. The Board may also from time to time require sworn statements of the number or numbers of such admissions and may prescribe blanks upon which such reports shall be made. Any organization licensee or inter-track wagering licensee failing or refusing to pay the amount found to be due as herein provided, shall be deemed guilty of a business offense and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in addition to the amount due from such organization licensee or inter-track wagering licensee as herein provided. All fines paid into court by an organization licensee or inter-track wagering licensee found guilty of violating this

1	Section	shall	be	transmitted	and	paid	over	bу	the	clerk	of	the
2	court to	the E	3oar	d.								

- (c) In addition to the admission tax imposed under subsection (a), a tax of \$1 is hereby imposed for each person who enters the grounds or enclosure of each organization licensee. The tax is imposed upon the organization licensee.
- 7 (1) The admission tax shall be paid for each 8 admission.
 - (2) An organization licensee may issue tax-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the licensee and other persons associated with race meeting operations.
 - (3) The number and issuance of tax-free passes is subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.
 - (4) The organization licensee shall pay the entire admission tax to the Board. Such payments shall be made daily. Accompanying each payment shall be a return on forms provided by the Board, which shall include other information regarding admission as the Board may require. Failure to submit either the payment or the return within the specified time may result in suspension or revocation of the organization licensee's license.
 - (5) The Board shall administer and collect the admission tax imposed by this subsection, to the extent practicable, in a manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act. All moneys collected by the Board shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 88-495; 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)
- 34 (230 ILCS 5/26) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-26)
- 35 Sec. 26. Wagering.

- (a) Any licensee may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel system of wagering, as defined in Section 3.12 of this Act, on horse races conducted by an Illinois organization licensee or conducted at a racetrack located in another state or country and televised in Illinois in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 26 of this Act. Subject to the prior consent of the Board, licensees may supplement any pari-mutuel pool in order to guarantee a minimum distribution. Such pari-mutuel method of wagering shall not, under any circumstances if conducted under the provisions of this Act, be held or construed to be unlawful, other statutes of this State to the contrary notwithstanding. Subject to rules for advance wagering promulgated by the Board, any licensee may accept wagers in advance of the day of the race wagered upon occurs.
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided in Section 56, no other method of betting, pool making, wagering or gambling shall be used or permitted by the licensee. Each licensee may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered under subsection (a) of this Section, except as may otherwise be permitted under this Act.
 - (b-5) An individual may place a wager under the pari-mutuel system from any licensed location authorized under this Act provided that wager is electronically recorded in the manner described in Section 3.12 of this Act. Any wager made electronically by an individual while physically on the premises of a licensee shall be deemed to have been made at the premises of that licensee.
- (c) Until January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be paid to the Illinois Veterans'

- Rehabilitation Fund of the State treasury, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act.
 - (c-5) Beginning January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be evenly distributed to the purse account of the organization licensee and the organization licensee.
 - (d) A pari-mutuel ticket shall be honored until December 31 of the next calendar year, and the licensee shall pay the same and may charge the amount thereof against unpaid money similarly accumulated on account of pari-mutuel tickets not presented for payment.
 - (e) No licensee shall knowingly permit any minor, other than an employee of such licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof, to be admitted during a racing program unless accompanied by a parent or guardian, or any minor to be a patron of the pari-mutuel system of wagering conducted or supervised by it. The admission of any unaccompanied minor, other than an employee of the licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof at a race track is a Class C misdemeanor.
 - (f) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, an organization licensee may contract with an entity in another state or country to permit any legal wagering entity in another state or country to accept wagers solely within such other state or country on races conducted by the organization licensee in this State. Beginning January 1, 2000, these wagers shall not be subject to State taxation. Until January 1, 2000, when the out-of-State entity conducts a pari-mutuel pool separate from the organization licensee, a privilege tax equal to 7 1/2% of all monies received by the organization licensee

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

from entities in other states or countries pursuant to such contracts is imposed on the organization licensee, and such privilege tax shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours of receipt of the moneys from the simulcast. When the out-of-State entity conducts a combined pari-mutuel pool with the organization licensee, the tax shall be 10% of all monies received by the organization licensee with 25% of the receipts from this 10% tax to be distributed to the county in which the race was conducted.

An organization licensee may permit one or more of its races to be utilized for pari-mutuel wagering at one or more locations in other states and may transmit audio and visual signals of races the organization licensee conducts to one or more locations outside the State or country and may also permit pari-mutuel pools in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or with wagering pools established by other states.

(g) A host track may accept interstate simulcast wagers on horse races conducted in other states or countries and shall control the number of signals and types of breeds of racing in its simulcast program, subject to the disapproval of the Board. The Board may prohibit a simulcast program only if it finds that the simulcast program is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. The host track simulcast program shall include the signal of live racing of all organization licensees. All non-host licensees shall carry the host track simulcast program and accept wagers on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering is permitted. The costs the host track and non-host licensees and expenses of associated with interstate simulcast wagering, other than the interstate commission fee, shall be borne by the host track and all non-host licensees incurring these costs. The interstate commission fee shall not exceed 5% of Illinois handle on the interstate simulcast race or races without prior approval of the Board. The Board shall promulgate rules under which it may permit interstate commission fees in excess of 5%. The

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

interstate commission fee and other fees charged by the sending racetrack, including, but not limited to, satellite decoder fees, shall be uniformly applied to the host track and all non-host licensees.

- (1) Between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. an intertrack wagering licensee other than the host track may supplement the host track simulcast program with additional simulcast races or race programs, provided that between January 1 and the third Friday in February of any year, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing occurring in Illinois during this period, only thoroughbred races may be used for supplemental interstate simulcast purposes. The Board shall withhold approval for a supplemental interstate simulcast only if it finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. A supplemental interstate simulcast may be transmitted from an intertrack wagering licensee to its affiliated non-host The interstate commission licensees. supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by the non-host licensee and its affiliated non-host licensees receiving the simulcast.
- (2) Between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. an intertrack wagering licensee other than the host track may receive supplemental interstate simulcasts only with the consent of the host track, except when the Board finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. Consent granted under this paragraph (2) to any intertrack wagering licensee shall be deemed consent to all non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for the supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by all participating non-host licensees.
- (3) Each licensee conducting interstate simulcast wagering may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. If any licensee conducts the pari-mutuel system wagering on races conducted at

racetracks in another state or country, each such race or race program shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax of that daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of Section 27. Until January 1, 2000, from the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this subsection, each intertrack wagering location licensee shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on simulcast wagering to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (11) of subsection (h) of Section 26 of this Act.

- (4) A licensee who receives an interstate simulcast may combine its gross or net pools with pools at the sending racetracks pursuant to rules established by the Board. All licensees combining their gross pools at a sending racetrack shall adopt the take-out percentages of the sending racetrack. A licensee may also establish a separate pool and takeout structure for wagering purposes on races conducted at race tracks outside of the State of Illinois. The licensee may permit pari-mutuel wagers placed in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or other wagering pools.
- (5) After the payment of the interstate commission fee (except for the interstate commission fee on a supplemental interstate simulcast, which shall be paid by the host track and by each non-host licensee through the host-track) and all applicable State and local taxes, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the remainder of moneys retained from simulcast wagering pursuant to this subsection (g), and Section 26.2 shall be divided as follows:
 - (A) For interstate simulcast wagers made at a host track, 50% to the host track and 50% to purses at the host track.
 - (B) For wagers placed on interstate simulcast races, supplemental simulcasts as defined in

subparagraphs (1) and (2), and separately pooled races conducted outside of the State of Illinois made at a non-host licensee, 25% to the host track, 25% to the non-host licensee, and 50% to the purses at the host track.

- (6) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River may receive supplemental interstate simulcast races at all times subject to Board approval, which shall be withheld only upon a finding that a supplemental interstate simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing.
- (7) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain 50% of the retention from interstate simulcast wagers and shall pay 50% to purses at the track from which the non-host licensee derives its license as follows:
 - (A) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, when the interstate simulcast is a standardbred race, the purse share to its standardbred purse account;
 - (B) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, and the interstate simulcast is a thoroughbred race, the purse share to its interstate simulcast purse pool to be distributed under paragraph (10) of this subsection (g);
 - (C) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if live thoroughbred racing is

occurring in Illinois, between 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its thoroughbred purse account and between 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its standardbred purse accounts;

- (D) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m., the purse share to its thoroughbred purse account;
- (E) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., the purse share to its standardbred purse account.
- (7.1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during that calendar year shall be paid as follows:
 - (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be paid to its thoroughbred purse account; and
 - (B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund and shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county fairgrounds. The moneys deposited into the Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall

1.3

not be commingled with other moneys paid into that Fund. The moneys deposited pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be allocated as provided by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board.

- (7.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no thoroughbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. during that calendar year shall be deposited as follows:
 - (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be deposited into its standardbred purse account; and
 - (B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be paid to Illinois conceived and foaled thoroughbred breeders' programs and to thoroughbred purses for races conducted at any county fairgrounds for Illinois conceived and foaled horses discretion of the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board. The moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to thoroughbred purses under this Act, and shall

1.3

not be commingled with other moneys deposited into that

Fund.

- (7.3) If no live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County in calendar year 2000 or 2001, an organization licensee who is licensed to conduct horse racing at that racetrack shall, before January 1, 2002, pay all moneys derived from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering in calendar years 2000 and 2001 and paid into the licensee's standardbred purse account as follows:
 - (A) Eighty percent to that licensee's thoroughbred purse account to be used for thoroughbred purses; and
 - (B) Twenty percent to the Illinois Colt Stakes
 Purse Distribution Fund.

Failure to make the payment to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund before January 1, 2002 shall result in the immediate revocation of the licensee's organization license, inter-track wagering license, and inter-track wagering location license.

Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county fairgrounds. Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be used as determined by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with any other moneys paid into that Fund.

(7.4) If live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County at any time in calendar year 2001 before the payment required under paragraph (7.3) has been made, the organization licensee who is licensed to conduct racing at that racetrack shall pay all moneys

derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering during calendar years 2000 and 2001 that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during 2000 or 2001 to the standardbred purse account at that racetrack to be used for standardbred purses.

- (8) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, an organization licensee from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River and its affiliated non-host licensees shall not be entitled to share in any retention generated on racing, inter-track wagering, or simulcast wagering at any other Illinois wagering facility.
- (8.1) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Act to the contrary, if 2 organization licensees are conducting standardbred race meetings concurrently between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, the remainder of the amount retained from simulcast wagering otherwise attributable to the host track and to host track purses shall be split daily between the 2 organization licensees and the purses at the tracks of the 2 organization licensees, respectively, based on each organization licensee's share of the total live handle for that day, provided that this provision shall not apply to any non-host licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River.
 - (9) (Blank).
 - (10) (Blank).
 - (11) (Blank).
- (12) The Board shall have authority to compel all host tracks to receive the simulcast of any or all races conducted at the Springfield or DuQuoin State fairgrounds and include all such races as part of their simulcast programs.

(13) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event that the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all wagering facilities in any calendar year is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all such wagering facilities for calendar year 1994, then each wagering facility that has an annual total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races that is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at such wagering facility for calendar year 1994, shall be permitted to receive, from any amount otherwise payable to the purse account at the race track with which the wagering facility is affiliated in the succeeding calendar year, an amount equal to 2% of the differential in total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at the wagering facility between that calendar year in question and 1994 provided, however, that a wagering facility shall not be entitled to any such payment until the Board certifies in writing to the wagering facility the amount to which the wagering facility is entitled and a schedule for payment of the amount to the wagering facility, based on: (i) the racing dates awarded to the race track affiliated with the wagering facility during the succeeding year; (ii) the sums available or anticipated to be available in the purse account of the race track affiliated with the wagering facility for purses during the succeeding year; and (iii) the need to ensure reasonable purse levels during the payment period. The Board's certification shall be provided no later than January 31 of the succeeding year. In the event a wagering facility entitled to a payment under this paragraph (13) is affiliated with a race track that maintains purse accounts for both standardbred and thoroughbred racing, the amount to be paid to the wagering facility shall be divided between each purse account pro rata, based on the amount of Illinois handle on Illinois standardbred and thoroughbred

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

racing respectively at the wagering facility during the previous calendar year. Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate sufficient funds from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Agriculture for payment into the thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing purse accounts at Illinois pari-mutuel tracks. The amount paid to each purse account shall be the amount certified by the Illinois Racing Board in January to be transferred from each account to each eligible racing facility in accordance with the provisions of this Section. For the calendar year in which an organization licensee that is eligible to receive a payment under this paragraph (13) begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license, the amount of that payment shall be reduced by a percentage equal to the percentage of the year remaining after the organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to its electronic gaming license. An organization licensee shall no longer be able to receive payments under this paragraph (13) beginning on the January 1 first occurring after the licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license issued under Section 7.6 of the Riverboat Gambling Act. Beginning on January 1, 2007, the provisions of this paragraph (13) shall be of no force and effect.

- (h) The Board may approve and license the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees subject to the following terms and conditions:
 - (1) Any person licensed to conduct a race meeting (i) at a track where 60 or more days of racing were conducted during the immediately preceding calendar year or where over the 5 immediately preceding calendar years an average of 30 or more days of racing were conducted annually may be issued an inter-track wagering license; (ii) at a track located in a county that is bounded by the Mississippi

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

River, which has a population of less than 150,000 according to the 1990 decennial census, and an average of at least 60 days of racing per year between 1985 and 1993 may be issued an inter-track wagering license; or (iii) at a track located in Madison County that conducted at least 100 days of live racing during the immediately preceding calendar year may be issued an inter-track wagering license, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather, unsafe track conditions, or other acts of God; (B) an agreement between the organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting; or (C) a finding by the Board of extraordinary circumstances and that it was in the best interest of the public and the sport to conduct fewer than 100 days of live racing. Any such person having operating control of the racing facility may also receive up to 6 inter-track wagering location licenses. In no event shall more than 6 inter-track wagering locations be established for each eligible race track, except that an eligible race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River may establish up to 7 inter-track wagering locations. An application for said license shall be filed with the Board prior to such dates as may be fixed by the Board. With an application for an inter-track wagering location license there shall be delivered to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for an amount equal to \$500. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the Board. The application shall comply with all other rules, regulations and conditions imposed by the Board in connection therewith.

(2) The Board shall examine the applications with respect to their conformity with this Act and the rules and regulations imposed by the Board. If found to be in

compliance with the Act and rules and regulations of the Board, the Board may then issue a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering to such applicant. All such applications shall be acted upon by the Board at a meeting to be held on such date as may be fixed by the Board.

- (3) In granting licenses to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public, of horse racing, and of maximizing revenue to the State.
- (4) Prior to the issuance of a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the applicant shall file with the Board a bond payable to the State of Illinois in the sum of \$50,000, executed by the applicant and a surety company or companies authorized to do business in this State, and conditioned upon (i) the payment by the licensee of all taxes due under Section 27 or 27.1 and any other monies due and payable under this Act, and (ii) distribution by the licensee, upon presentation of the winning ticket or tickets, of all sums payable to the patrons of pari-mutuel pools.
- (5) Each license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall specify the person to whom it is issued, the dates on which such wagering is permitted, and the track or location where the wagering is to be conducted.
- (6) All wagering under such license is subject to this Act and to the rules and regulations from time to time prescribed by the Board, and every such license issued by the Board shall contain a recital to that effect.
- (7) An inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee may accept wagers at the track or location where it is licensed, or as otherwise provided under this Act.
- (8) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted at any track less than 5 miles from a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

track at which a racing meeting is in progress.

Inter-track wagering location licensees derive their licenses from a particular organization licensee shall conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only at locations which are either within 90 miles that race track where the particular organization licensee is licensed to conduct racing, or within 135 miles of that race track where the particular organization licensee is licensed to conduct racing in the case of race tracks in counties of less than 400,000 that were operating on or before June 1, 1986. However, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by those licensees at any location within 5 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in the current year, unless the person having operating control of such race track has given its written consent to such inter-track wagering location licensees, which consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the time application is made.

(8.2) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee at any location within 500 feet of an existing church or existing school, nor within 500 feet of the residences of more than 50 registered voters without receiving written permission from a majority of the registered voters at such residences. Such written permission statements shall be filed with the Board. The distance of 500 feet shall be measured to the nearest part of any building used for worship services, education programs, residential purposes, or conducting inter-track wagering by an inter-track wagering location licensee, and not to property boundaries. However, inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site within 500 feet of a church, school or residences of 50 or more registered voters if such church, school or residences have been erected or established, or such voters have been

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

registered, after the Board issues the original inter-track wagering location license at the site in question. Inter-track wagering location licensees may conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only in areas that are zoned for commercial or manufacturing purposes or in areas for which a special use has been approved by the local zoning authority. However, no license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall be granted by the Board with respect to any inter-track wagering location within the jurisdiction of any local zoning authority which has, by ordinance or by resolution, prohibited the establishment of an inter-track wagering location within its jurisdiction. However, and simulcast wagering may be inter-track wagering conducted at a site if such ordinance or resolution is enacted after the Board licenses the original inter-track wagering location licensee for the site in question.

(9) (Blank).

(10) An inter-track wagering licensee or an inter-track wagering location licensee may retain, subject to the payment of the privilege taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. Each program of racing conducted by each inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax or pari-mutuel tax on such daily handle as provided in Section 27.

(10.1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, inter-track wagering location licensees shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the municipality in which such location is situated and 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the county in which such location is situated. In the event that an inter-track wagering location licensee is situated in an unincorporated area of a county, such licensee shall pay 2%

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

of the pari-mutuel handle from such location to such county.

- (10.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, with respect to intertrack wagering at a race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River ("the first race track"), or at a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, on races conducted at the first race track or on races conducted at another Illinois race track simultaneously televised to the first race track or to a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, those moneys shall be allocated as follows:
 - (A) That portion of all moneys wagered on standardbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for standardbred races.
 - (B) That portion of all moneys wagered on thoroughbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for thoroughbred races.
- (11) (A) After payment of the privilege or pari-mutuel tax, any other applicable taxes, and the costs and expenses in connection with the gathering, transmission, and dissemination of all data necessary to the conduct of inter-track wagering, the remainder of the monies retained under either Section 26 or Section 26.2 of this Act by the inter-track wagering licensee on inter-track wagering shall be allocated with 50% to be split between the 2 participating licensees and 50% to purses, except that an intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the Illinois organization licensee that provides the race or races, and an intertrack wagering licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with that organization licensee.

(B) From the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this Act each inter-track wagering location licensee shall pay (i) the privilege or pari-mutuel tax to the State; (ii) 4.75% of the pari-mutuel handle on intertrack wagering at such location on races as purses, except that an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain all purse moneys for its own purse account consistent with distribution set forth in this subsection (h), intertrack wagering location licensees that accept wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall distribute all purse moneys to purses at the operating host track; (iii) until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering at each inter-track wagering location licensee facility to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, provided that, to the extent the total amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund under this subsection (h) during any calendar year exceeds the amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund during year 1994, that calendar excess amount shall redistributed (I) to all inter-track wagering location

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

licensees, based on each licensee's pro-rata share of the total handle from inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering for all inter-track wagering location licensees during the calendar year in which this provision is applicable; then (II) the amounts redistributed to each inter-track wagering location licensee as described in subpart (I) shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (g) of this Section 26 provided first, that the shares of those amounts, which are to be redistributed to the host track or to purses at the host track under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (g) of this Section 26 shall be redistributed based on each host track's pro rata share of the total inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering handle at all host tracks during the calendar year in question, and second, that any amounts redistributed as described in part (I) to an inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the further redistributed as Mississippi River shall be provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (7) of subsection (g) of this Section 26, with the portion of that redistribution allocated to further purses at organization licensee to be divided between standardbred purses and thoroughbred purses based on the amounts otherwise allocated to purses at that organization licensee during the calendar year in question; and (iv) 8% of the pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering wagered at such location to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering. The remainder of the monies retained by the inter-track wagering location licensee shall be allocated 40% to the location licensee and 60% to the organization licensee which provides the Illinois races to the location, except that an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the organization licensee that provides the race or races and an intertrack wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the organization licensee. Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iv) of this paragraph, in the case of the additional inter-track wagering location licenses authorized under paragraph (1) of this subsection (h) by this amendatory Act of 1991, those licensees shall pay the following amounts as purses: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 5.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location on races; during the second 12 months, 5.25%; during the third 12 months, 5.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 6.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. The following amounts shall be retained by the licensee to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 8.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location; during the second 12 months, 8.25%; during the third 12 months, 7.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 7.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. For additional intertrack wagering location licensees authorized under this amendatory Act of 1995, purses for the first 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 5.75% of the pari-mutuel wagered at the location, purses for the second 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 6.25%, and purses thereafter shall be 6.75%. For additional intertrack location licensees authorized under this amendatory Act of 1995, the licensee shall be allowed to retain to satisfy all costs and expenses: 7.75% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location during its first

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

1 12 months of operation, 7.25% during its second 12 months 2 of operation, and 6.75% thereafter.

> (C) There is hereby created the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund which shall remain in existence until December 31, 1999. Moneys remaining in the Fund after December 31, 1999 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Until January 1, 2000, all monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) by inter-track wagering location licensees located in park 500,000 population or less, districts of municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, and operating on May 1, 1994 shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve chairman; 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in State, recommended by those licensees; representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of Illinois Standardbred the Owners and Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; a the Horsemen's Benevolent and representative of Protective Association or any successor organization

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's recommended by that Association, Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The 50% of remaining this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to park districts or municipalities that do not have a park district of 500,000 population or less for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in such a park district) or to conservation districts for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, except that if the conservation district does not maintain a museum, the monies shall be allocated equally between the county and the in which municipality the inter-track wagering location licensee is located for general purposes) or to a municipal recreation board for park purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

in a municipality that is not included within any park district and park maintenance is the function of the municipal recreation board and the municipality has a 1990 population of 9,302 according to the United States Bureau of the Census); provided that the monies are distributed to each park district or conservation district or municipality that does not have a park district in an amount equal to four-sevenths of the amount collected by each inter-track wagering location licensee within the park district or conservation district or municipality for the Fund. Monies that were paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 by an inter-track wagering location licensee located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district as provided in this paragraph shall, as soon as practicable after the effective date of amendatory Act of 1991, be allocated and paid to that conservation district as provided in this paragraph. Any park district or municipality not maintaining a museum may deposit the monies in the corporate fund of district or municipality where the park t.he inter-track wagering location is located, to be used for general purposes; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967.

Until January 1, 2000, all other monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture.

1 Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to 2 Illinois horse racing and breeding promote the 3 industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee 4 5 appointed by the Governor consisting of the following 6 members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve as chairman; 2 representatives of organization 7 licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in 8 9 this State, recommended by those licensees; 10 representatives of organization licensees conducting 11 standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended 12 by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred and 13 Breeders Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of 14 Illinois Standardbred Owners 15 and Breeders the 16 Association, recommended by that Association; a 17 representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association or any successor organization 18 19 thereto established in Illinois comprised of the 20 largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a 21 22 representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's 23 Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, 24 25 commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a 26 representative of any of the above-named entities has 27 not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered 28 year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to 29 fill that position. Committee members shall receive no 30 compensation for their services as members but shall be 31 reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and 32 disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% 33 oftwo-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for 34 35 premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the 36 Agricultural Fair Act;

1.3

Four-sevenths to museums and aquariums located in park districts of over 500,000 population; provided that the monies are distributed in accordance with the previous year's distribution of the maintenance tax for such museums and aquariums as provided in Section 2 of the Park District Aquarium and Museum Act; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967. This subparagraph (C) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

- (D) Except as provided in paragraph (11) of this subsection (h), with respect to purse allocation from intertrack wagering, the monies so retained shall be divided as follows:
 - (i) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is not conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the entire purse allocation shall be to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted.
 - (ii) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is also conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the purse allocation shall be as follows: 50% to purses at the track where the races

wagered on are being conducted; 50% to purses at the track where the inter-track wagering licensee is accepting such wagers.

- (iii) If the inter-track wagering is being conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee, except an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, the entire purse allocation for Illinois races shall be to purses at the track where the race meeting being wagered on is being held.
- (12) The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully supervise and control the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (A) The Board is vested with power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of administering the conduct of this wagering and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which such wagering shall be held and conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of said wagering and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
 - (B) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations relating to the conduct of such wagering.
 - (C) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any licensee's facilities, any person whose conduct or

1.3

reputation is such that his presence on such premises may, in the opinion of the Board, call into the question the honesty and integrity of, or interfere with the orderly conduct of such wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from such premises solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex.

(D) (Blank).

- (E) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section for the purpose of administering this wagering and any rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.
- (F) The Board shall name and appoint a State director of this wagering who shall be a representative of the Board and whose duty it shall be to supervise the conduct of inter-track wagering as may be provided for by the rules and regulations of the Board; such rules and regulation shall specify the method of appointment and the Director's powers, authority and duties.
- (G) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 against licensees for each violation of any provision of this Act relating to the conduct of this wagering, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to such wagering.
- (13) The Department of Agriculture may enter into agreements with licensees authorizing such licensees to conduct inter-track wagering on races to be held at the licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Such agreement shall specify the races of the Department of Agriculture's licensed race meeting upon which the licensees will conduct wagering. In the event

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

that a licensee conducts inter-track pari-mutuel wagering on races from the Illinois State Fair or DuQuoin State Fair which are in addition to the licensee's previously approved racing program, those races shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege or pari-mutuel tax on that daily handle as provided in Sections 27 and 27.1. Such agreements shall be approved by the Board before such wagering may be conducted. In determining whether to grant approval, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public and of horse racing. The provisions of paragraphs (1), (8), (8.1), and (8.2) of subsection (h) of this Section which are not specified in this paragraph (13) shall not apply to licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County or the DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County, or to any wagering conducted on those race meetings.

(i) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, the conduct of wagering at wagering facilities is authorized on all days, except as limited by subsection (b) of Section 19 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99; 92-211, eff. 8-2-01.)

24 (230 ILCS 5/27) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-27)

Sec. 27. (a) In addition to the organization license fee provided by this Act, until January 1, 2000, a graduated privilege tax is hereby imposed for conducting the pari-mutuel system of wagering permitted under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, all of the breakage of each racing day held by any licensee in the State shall be paid to the State. Until January 1, 2000, such daily graduated privilege tax shall be paid by the licensee from the amount permitted to be retained under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, each day's graduated privilege tax, breakage, and Horse Racing Tax Allocation funds shall be

remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes. The privilege tax hereby imposed, until January 1, 2000, shall be a flat tax at the rate of 2% of the daily pari-mutuel handle except as provided in Section 27.1.

In addition, every organization licensee, except as provided in Section 27.1 of this Act, which conducts multiple wagering shall pay, until January 1, 2000, as a privilege tax on multiple wagers an amount equal to 1.25% of all moneys wagered each day on such multiple wagers, plus an additional amount equal to 3.5% of the amount wagered each day on any other multiple wager which involves a single betting interest on 3 or more horses. The licensee shall remit the amount of such taxes to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day on which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes.

This subsection (a) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

- (a-5) Beginning on January 1, 2000, a flat pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 1.5% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at all pari-mutuel wagering facilities, which shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes.
- (b) On or before December 31, 1999, in the event that any organization licensee conducts 2 separate programs of races on any day, each such program shall be considered a separate racing day for purposes of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax on such daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) Licensees shall at all times keep accurate books and records of all monies wagered on each day of a race meeting and of the taxes paid to the Department of Revenue under the provisions of this Section. The Board or its duly authorized representative or representatives shall at all reasonable

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

- times have access to such records for the purpose of examining and checking the same and ascertaining whether the proper amount of taxes is being paid as provided. The Board shall require verified reports and a statement of the total of all monies wagered daily at each wagering facility upon which the taxes are assessed and may prescribe forms upon which such reports and statement shall be made.
- (d) Any licensee failing or refusing to pay the amount of any tax due under this Section shall be guilty of a business offense and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$5,000 in addition to the amount found due as tax under this Section. Each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense. All fines paid into Court by a licensee hereunder shall be transmitted and paid over by the Clerk of the Court to the Board.
 - (e) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax, or racing fee, except as provided in this Act, shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by the State.
 - (f) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax or racing fee shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by units of local government except as provided in paragraph 10.1 of subsection (h) and subsection (f) of Section 26 of this Act. However, any municipality that has a Board licensed horse race meeting at a race track wholly within its corporate boundaries or a township that has a Board licensed a race track wholly within horse race meeting at unincorporated area of the township may charge a local amusement tax not to exceed 10¢ per admission to such horse race meeting by the enactment of an ordinance. However, any municipality or county that has a Board licensed inter-track wagering location facility wholly within its corporate boundaries may each impose an admission fee not to exceed \$1.00 per admission to such inter-track wagering location facility, so that a total of not more than \$2.00 per admission may be imposed. Except as provided in subparagraph (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the inter-track wagering location licensee shall

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

1 collect any and all such fees and within 48 hours remit the 2 fees to the Board, which shall, pursuant to rule, cause the 3 fees to be distributed to the county or municipality.

- (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, if in any calendar year the total taxes and fees from wagering on live racing and from inter-track wagering required to be collected from licensees and distributed under this Act to all State and local governmental authorities exceeds the amount of such taxes and fees distributed to each State and local governmental authority to which each State and local governmental authority was entitled under this Act for calendar year 1994, then the first \$11 million of that excess amount possible date allocated earliest shall be at the distribution as purse money for the succeeding calendar year. Upon reaching the 1994 level, and until the excess amount of taxes and fees exceeds \$11 million, the Board shall direct all licensees to cease paying the subject taxes and fees and the Board shall direct all licensees to allocate any such excess amount for purses as follows:
 - (i) the excess amount shall be initially divided between thoroughbred and standardbred purses based on the thoroughbred's and standardbred's respective percentages of total Illinois live wagering in calendar year 1994;
 - (ii) each thoroughbred and standardbred organization issued licensee organization licensee an in t.hat. succeeding allocation year shall be allocated an amount equal to the product of its percentage of total Illinois live thoroughbred or standardbred wagering in calendar year 1994 (the total to be determined based on the sum of 1994 on-track wagering for all organization licensees issued organization licenses in both the allocation year and the preceding year) multiplied by the total amount allocated for standardbred or thoroughbred provided that the first \$1,500,000 of the amount allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) shall be allocated to the Department of Agriculture to be expended with the

8

9

10

11

30

31

32

33

34

35

assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred
Breeders Funds Advisory Board for the purposes listed in
subsection (g) of Section 31 of this Act, before the amount
allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) is
allocated to standardbred organization licensees in the
succeeding allocation year.

To the extent the excess amount of taxes and fees to be collected and distributed to State and local governmental authorities exceeds \$11 million, that excess amount shall be collected and distributed to State and local authorities as provided for under this Act.

- 12 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 13 (230 ILCS 5/28.1)
- Sec. 28.1. Payments.
- 15 (a) Beginning on January 1, 2000, moneys collected by the
 16 Department of Revenue and the Racing Board pursuant to Section
 17 26 or Section 27 of this Act shall be deposited into the Horse
 18 Racing Fund, which is hereby created as a special fund in the
 19 State Treasury.
- (b) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, 20 may be made from the Horse Racing Fund to the Board to pay the 21 22 salaries of the Board members, secretary, stewards, directors 23 mutuels, veterinarians, representatives, accountants, clerks, stenographers, inspectors and other employees of the 24 25 and all expenses of the Board incident to the 26 administration of this Act, including, but not limited to, all 27 expenses and salaries incident to the taking of saliva and urine samples in accordance with the rules and regulations of 28 29 the Board.
 - (c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, shall be made from the Horse Racing Fund to the Department of Agriculture for the purposes identified in paragraphs (2), (2.5), (4), (4.1), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of subsection (g) of Section 30, subsection (e) of Section 30.5, paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (5), and (8) of subsection (g) of Section 31, and for

- standardbred bonus programs for owners of horses that win 2 multiple stakes races that are limited to Illinois conceived
- and foaled horses. From Beginning on January 1, 2000 until the 3
- effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General 4
- 5 Assembly, the Board shall transfer the remainder of the funds
- generated pursuant to Sections 26 and 27 from the Horse Racing 6
- Fund into the General Revenue Fund. 7
- 8 (d) Beginning January 1, 2000, payments to all programs in
- 9 existence on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1999
- that are identified in Sections 26(c), 26(f), 26(h)(11)(C), and 10
- 11 28, subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) of
- 12 Section 30, and subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g),
- and (h) of Section 31 shall be made from the General Revenue 13
- Fund at the funding levels determined by amounts paid under 14
- this Act in calendar year 1998. Beginning on the effective date 15
- 16 of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, payments
- 17 to the Peoria Park District shall be made from the General
- Revenue Fund at the funding level determined by amounts paid to 18
- 19 that park district for museum purposes under this Act in
- 20 calendar year 1994.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the 21
- contrary, appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, 22
- 23 may be made from the Fair and Exposition Fund to the Department
- of Agriculture for distribution to Illinois county fairs to 24
- supplement premiums offered in junior classes. 25
- (Source: P.A. 93-869, eff. 8-6-04.) 26
- (230 ILCS 5/30) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-30) 27
- Sec. 30. (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the 28
- 29 policy of this State to encourage the breeding of thoroughbred
- 30 horses in this State and the ownership of such horses by
- 31 residents of this State in order to provide for: sufficient
- numbers of high quality thoroughbred horses to participate in 32
- thoroughbred racing meetings in this State, and to establish 33
- and preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such 34
- breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is 35

the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by the provisions of this Act.

- (b) Each organization licensee conducting a thoroughbred racing meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide at least two races each day limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses or Illinois foaled horses or both. A minimum of 6 races shall be conducted each week limited to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses or both. Subject to the daily availability of horses, one of the 6 races scheduled per week that are limited to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses or both shall be limited to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled maidens. No horses shall be permitted to start in such races unless duly registered under the rules of the Department of Agriculture.
- (c) Conditions of races under subsection (b) shall be commensurate with past performance, quality, and class of Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses available. If, however, sufficient competition cannot be had among horses of that class on any day, the races may, with consent of the Board, be eliminated for that day and substitute races provided.
- (d) There is hereby created a special fund of the State Treasury to be known as the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.
- Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, 8.5% of all the monies received by the State as privilege taxes on Thoroughbred racing meetings shall be paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.
- (e) The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be administered by the Department of Agriculture with the advice and assistance of the Advisory Board created in subsection (f) of this Section.
- (f) The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board shall consist of the Director of the Department of Agriculture, who shall serve as Chairman; a member of the Illinois Racing Board, designated by it; 2 representatives of the organization

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

1 licensees conducting thoroughbred racing meetings, recommended 2 2 representatives of the Illinois Thoroughbred by them; 3 Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by it; and 2 4 of the Horsemen's Benevolent Protective representatives 5 Association or any successor organization established in 6 Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by it, with one representative of the 7 8 Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association to come from 9 its Illinois Division, and one from its Chicago Division. 10 Advisory Board members shall serve for 2 years commencing 11 January 1 of each odd numbered year. If representatives of the 12 organization licensees conducting thoroughbred 13 the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners meetings, Horsemen's Benevolent 14 Foundation, and the Protection 15 Association have not been recommended by January 1, of each odd 16 numbered year, the Director of the Department of Agriculture 17 shall make an appointment for the organization failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory Board. Advisory Board 18 19 members shall receive no compensation for their services as 20 members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution of their 21 official duties. 22

- (g) Moneys No monies shall be expended from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund except as appropriated by the General Assembly pursuant to this Act, the Riverboat Gambling Act, or both. Monies appropriated from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be expended by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, for the following purposes only:
 - (1) To provide purse supplements to owners of horses participating in races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses. Any such purse supplements shall not be included in and shall be paid in addition to any purses, stakes, or breeders' awards offered by each organization licensee as determined by agreement

between such organization licensee and an organization representing the horsemen. No monies from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be used to provide purse supplements for claiming races in which the minimum claiming price is less than \$7,500.

- (2) To provide stakes and awards to be paid to the owners of the winning horses in certain races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses designated as stakes races.
- (2.5) To provide an award to the owner or owners of an Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horse that wins a maiden special weight, an allowance, overnight handicap race, or claiming race with claiming price of \$10,000 or more providing the race is not restricted to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses. Awards shall also be provided to the owner or owners of Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses that place second or third in those races. To the extent that additional moneys are required to pay the minimum additional awards of 40% of the purse the horse earns for placing first, second or third in those races for Illinois foaled horses and of 60% of the purse the horse earns for placing first, second or third in those races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses, those moneys shall be provided from the purse account at the track where earned.
- (3) To provide stallion awards to the owner or owners of any stallion that is duly registered with the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Program prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1995 whose duly registered Illinois conceived and foaled offspring wins a race conducted at an Illinois thoroughbred racing meeting other than a claiming race. Such award shall not be paid to the owner or owners of an Illinois stallion that served outside this State at any time during the calendar year in which such race was conducted.
 - (4) To provide \$75,000 annually for purses to be

distributed to county fairs that provide for the running of races during each county fair exclusively for the thoroughbreds conceived and foaled in Illinois. The conditions of the races shall be developed by the county fair association and reviewed by the Department with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board. There shall be no wagering of any kind on the running of Illinois conceived and foaled races at county fairs.

(4.1) (Blank). To provide purse money for an Illinois stallion stakes program.

- (5) No less than 80% of all monies appropriated \underline{to} from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for the purposes in (1), (2), (2.5), (3), (4), (4.1), and (5) as shown above.
- (6) To provide for educational programs regarding the thoroughbred breeding industry.
- (7) To provide for research programs concerning the health, development and care of the thoroughbred horse.
- (8) To provide for a scholarship and training program for students of equine veterinary medicine.
- (9) To provide for dissemination of public information designed to promote the breeding of thoroughbred horses in Illinois.
- (10) To provide for all expenses incurred in the administration of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.
- (h) (Blank). Whenever the Governor finds that the amount in the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund is more than the total of the outstanding appropriations from such fund, the Governor shall notify the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer of such fact. The Comptroller and the State Treasurer, upon receipt of such notification, shall transfer such excess amount from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund to the General Revenue Fund.
- (i) A sum equal to 12 1/2% of the first prize money of every purse won by an Illinois foaled or an Illinois conceived

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

and foaled horse in races not limited to Illinois foaled horses or Illinois conceived and foaled horses, or both, shall be paid by the organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting. Such sum shall be paid from the organization licensee's share of the money wagered as follows: 11 1/2% to the breeder of the winning horse and 1% to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the amounts of breeders' awards earned, assuring their distribution in accordance with this Act, and servicing and promoting the Illinois thoroughbred horse racing industry. The organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners shall cause all expenditures of monies received under this subsection (i) to be audited at least annually by a registered public accountant. The organization shall file copies of each annual audit with the Racing Board, the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate, and shall make copies of each annual audit available to the public upon request and upon payment of the reasonable cost of photocopying the requested number of copies. Such payments shall not reduce any award to the owner of the horse or reduce the taxes payable under this Act. Upon completion of its racing meet, each organization licensee shall deliver to the organization thoroughbred breeders and representing owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board a listing of all the Illinois foaled and the Illinois conceived and foaled horses which won breeders' awards and the amount of such breeders' awards under this subsection to verify accuracy of payments and assure proper distribution of breeders' awards in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Such payments shall be delivered by the organization licensee within 30 days of the end of each race meeting.

(j) A sum equal to 12 1/2% of the first prize money won in each race limited to Illinois foaled horses or Illinois conceived and foaled horses, or both, shall be paid in the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

following manner by the organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting, from the organization licensee's share of the money wagered: 11 1/2% to the breeders of the horses in each such race which are the official first, second, third and fourth finishers and 1% to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the amounts of breeders' awards earned, assuring their proper distribution in accordance with this Act, and servicing and promoting the Illinois thoroughbred horse racing industry. The organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners shall cause all expenditures of monies received under this subsection (j) to be audited at least annually by a registered public accountant. The organization shall file copies of each annual audit with the Racing Board, the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate, and shall make copies of each annual audit available to the public upon request and upon payment of the reasonable cost of photocopying the requested number of copies.

The 11 1/2% paid to the breeders in accordance with this subsection shall be distributed as follows:

- (1) 60% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official first position;
- (2) 20% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official second position;
- (3) 15% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official third position; and
- (4) 5% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official fourth position.

Such payments shall not reduce any award to the owners of a horse or reduce the taxes payable under this Act. Upon completion of its racing meet, each organization licensee shall deliver to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board a listing of all the Illinois foaled and the Illinois conceived and foaled horses

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

- which won breeders' awards and the amount of such breeders' 1 2 awards in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Such 3 payments shall be delivered by the organization licensee within 30 days of the end of each race meeting. 4
- (k) The term "breeder", as used herein, means the owner of 6 the mare at the time the foal is dropped. An "Illinois foaled horse" is a foal dropped by a mare which enters this State on or before December 1, in the year in which the horse is bred, provided the mare remains continuously in this State until its foal is born. An "Illinois foaled horse" also means a foal born of a mare in the same year as the mare enters this State on or before March 1, and remains in this State at least 30 days after foaling, is bred back during the season of the foaling to Illinois Registered Stallion (unless a veterinarian certifies that the mare should not be bred for health reasons), and is not bred to a stallion standing in any other state during the season of foaling. An "Illinois foaled horse" also means a foal born in Illinois of a mare purchased at public auction subsequent to the mare entering this State prior to March 1 February 1 of the foaling year providing the mare is owned solely by one or more Illinois residents or an Illinois entity that is entirely owned by one or more Illinois 23 residents.
 - (1) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board:
 - (1) Qualify stallions for Illinois breeding; such stallions to stand for service within the State of Illinois at the time of a foal's conception. Such stallion must not stand for service at any place outside the State of Illinois during the calendar year in which the foal is conceived. The Department of Agriculture may assess and application fee of \$500 fees an the registration of each Illinois-eligible stallion stallions. fees collected are to be paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund <u>and used by the Illinois</u>

Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for stallion awards.

- (2) Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived and foaled horses and Illinois foaled horses. No such horse shall compete in the races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses or Illinois foaled horses or both unless registered with the Department of Agriculture. Department of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as are necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. The of Agriculture may assess application fees for the registration of Illinois-eligible foals. All fees collected are to be paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund. No person shall knowingly prepare or cause preparation of an application for registration of such foals containing false information.
- (m) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall provide that certain races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses be stakes races and determine the total amount of stakes and awards to be paid to the owners of the winning horses in such races.

In determining the stakes races and the amount of awards for such races, the Department of Agriculture shall consider factors, including but not limited to, the amount of money appropriated for the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund program, organization licensees' contributions, availability of stakes caliber horses as demonstrated by past performances, whether the race can be coordinated into the proposed racing dates within organization licensees' racing dates, opportunity for colts and fillies and various age groups to race, public wagering on such races, and the previous racing schedule.

(n) The Board and the organizational licensee shall notify the Department of the conditions and minimum purses for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses conducted for each organizational licensee conducting a thoroughbred racing meeting. The Department of Agriculture

with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board may allocate monies for purse supplements for such races. In determining whether to allocate money and the amount, the Department of Agriculture shall consider factors, including but not limited to, the amount of money appropriated for the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund program, the number of races that may occur, and the organizational licensee's purse structure.

- (o) (Blank). In order to improve the breeding quality of thoroughbred horses in the State, the General Assembly recognizes that existing provisions of this Section to encourage such quality breeding need to be revised and strengthened. As such, a Thoroughbred Breeder's Program Task Force is to be appointed by the Governor by September 1, 1999 to make recommendations to the General Assembly by no later than March 1, 2000. This task force is to be composed of 2 representatives from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, 2 from the Illinois Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association, 3 from Illinois race tracks operating thoroughbred race meets for an average of at least 30 days in the past 3 years, the Director of Agriculture, the Executive Director of the Racing Board, who shall serve as Chairman.
- 24 (230 ILCS 5/31) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-31)

(Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)

- Sec. 31. (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the policy of this State to encourage the breeding of standardbred horses in this State and the ownership of such horses by residents of this State in order to provide for: sufficient numbers of high quality standardbred horses to participate in harness racing meetings in this State, and to establish and preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by the provisions of this Section of this Act.
 - (b) Each organization licensee conducting a harness racing

meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide for at least two races each race program limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses. A minimum of 6 races shall be conducted each week limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses. No horses shall be permitted to start in such races unless duly registered under the rules of the Department of Agriculture.

- (b-5) Each organization licensee conducting a harness racing meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide stakes races and early closer races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses so the total purses distributed for such races shall be no less than 17% of the total purses distributed at the meeting.
- (b-10) Each organization licensee conducting a harness racing meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide an owner award to be paid from the purse account equal to 25% of the amount earned by Illinois conceived and foaled horses in races that are not restricted to Illinois conceived and foaled horses.
- (c) Conditions of races under subsection (b) shall be commensurate with past performance, quality and class of Illinois conceived and foaled horses available. If, however, sufficient competition cannot be had among horses of that class on any day, the races may, with consent of the Board, be eliminated for that day and substitute races provided.
- (d) There is hereby created a special fund of the State Treasury to be known as the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.
- During the calendar year 1981, and each year thereafter, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, eight and one-half per cent of all the monies received by the State as privilege taxes on harness racing meetings shall be paid into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.
- (e) The Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be administered by the Department of Agriculture with the assistance and advice of the Advisory Board created in subsection (f) of this Section.
 - (f) The Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

1 is hereby created. The Advisory Board shall consist of the 2 Director of the Department of Agriculture, who shall serve as 3 Chairman; the Superintendent of the Illinois State Fair; a 4 member of the Illinois Racing Board, designated by it; a 5 representative of the Illinois Standardbred Owners and 6 Breeders Association, recommended by it; a representative of the Illinois Association of Agricultural Fairs, recommended by 7 8 it, such representative to be from a fair at which Illinois 9 conceived and foaled racing is conducted; a representative of 10 the organization licensees conducting harness racing meetings, 11 recommended by them and a representative of the Illinois 12 Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by it. Advisory 13 Board members shall serve for 2 years commencing January 1, of each odd numbered year. If representatives of the Illinois 14 15 Standardbred Owners and Breeders Associations, the Illinois 16 Association of Agricultural Fairs, the Illinois Harness 17 Horsemen's Association, and the organization licensees conducting harness racing meetings have not been recommended by 18 19 January 1, of each odd numbered year, the Director of the 20 Department of Agriculture shall make an appointment for the organization failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory 21 22 Board. Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation for 23 their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the 24 execution of their official duties. 25

- (g) No monies shall be expended from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund except as appropriated by the General Assembly. Monies appropriated from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended by the Department of Agriculture, with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for the following purposes only:
- 1. To provide purses for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses at the State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fair.
 - 2. To provide purses for races limited to Illinois

1.3

- 1 conceived and foaled horses at county fairs.
 - 3. To provide purse supplements for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted by associations conducting harness racing meetings.
 - 4. No less than 75% of all monies in the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for purses in 1, 2 and 3 as shown above.
 - 5. In the discretion of the Department of Agriculture to provide awards to harness breeders of Illinois conceived and foaled horses which win races conducted by organization licensees conducting harness racing meetings. A breeder is the owner of a mare at the time of conception. No more than 10% of all monies appropriated from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for such harness breeders awards. No more than 25% of the amount expended for harness breeders awards shall be expended for expenses incurred in the administration of such harness breeders awards.
 - 6. To pay for the improvement of racing facilities located at the State Fair and County fairs.
 - 7. To pay the expenses incurred in the administration of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.
 - 8. To promote the sport of harness racing, including grants up to a maximum of \$7,500 per fair per year for the cost of a totalizer system to be used for conducting pari-mutuel wagering during the advertised dates of a county fair.
 - (h) Whenever the Governor finds that the amount in the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund is more than the total of the outstanding appropriations from such fund, the Governor shall notify the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer of such fact. The Comptroller and the State Treasurer, upon receipt of such notification, shall transfer such excess amount from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund to the General Revenue Fund.
 - (i) A sum equal to 12 1/2% of the first prize money of

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

- every purse won by an Illinois conceived and foaled horse shall 2 be paid by the organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting to the breeder of such winning horse from the 3 organization licensee's account share of the money wagered. 4 5
- Such payment shall not reduce any award to the owner of the 6 horse or reduce the taxes payable under this Act. Such payment shall be delivered by the organization licensee at the end of 7 each month race meeting. 8
 - (j) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board:
 - 1. Qualify stallions for Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund breeding; such stallion shall be owned by a resident of the State of Illinois or by an Illinois corporation all of whose shareholders, directors, officers and incorporators are residents of the State of Illinois. Such stallion shall stand for service at and within the State of Illinois at the time of a foal's conception, and such stallion must not stand for service at any place, nor may semen from such stallion be transported, outside the State of Illinois during that calendar year in which the foal is conceived and that the owner of the stallion was for the 12 months prior, a resident of Illinois. The articles of agreement of any partnership, joint venture, limited partnership, syndicate, association or corporation and any bylaws and stock certificates must contain a restriction that provides that the ownership or transfer of interest by any one of the persons a party to the agreement can only be made to a person who qualifies as an Illinois resident. Foals conceived outside the State of Illinois from shipped semen from a stallion qualified for breeders' awards under this Section are not eligible to participate in the Illinois conceived and foaled program.
 - 2. Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived and foaled horses and no such horse shall compete in the races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses registered with the Department of Agriculture. The Department

of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as may be necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. No person shall knowingly prepare or cause preparation of an application for registration of such foals containing false information. A mare (dam) must be in the state at least 30 days prior to foaling or remain in the State at least 30 days at the time of foaling. Beginning with the 1996 breeding season and for foals of 1997 and thereafter, a foal conceived in the State of Illinois by transported fresh semen may be eligible for Illinois conceived and foaled registration provided all breeding and foaling requirements are met. The stallion must be qualified for Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund breeding at the time of conception and the mare must be inseminated within the State of Illinois. The foal must be dropped in Illinois and properly registered with the Department of Agriculture in accordance with this Act.

- 3. Provide that at least a 5 day racing program shall be conducted at the State Fair each year, which program shall include at least the following races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses: (a) a two year old Trot and Pace, and Filly Division of each; (b) a three year old Trot and Pace, and Filly Division of each; (c) an aged Trot and Pace, and Mare Division of each.
- 4. Provide for the payment of nominating, sustaining and starting fees for races promoting the sport of harness racing and for the races to be conducted at the State Fair as provided in subsection (j) 3 of this Section provided that the nominating, sustaining and starting payment required from an entrant shall not exceed 2% of the purse of such race. All nominating, sustaining and starting payments shall be held for the benefit of entrants and shall be paid out as part of the respective purses for such races. Nominating, sustaining and starting fees shall be held in trust accounts for the purposes as set forth in this Act and in accordance with Section 205-15 of the Department of Agriculture Law (20 ILCS 205/205-15).
 - 5. Provide for the registration with the Department of

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

- Agriculture of Colt Associations or county fairs desiring to sponsor races at county fairs.
- 3 (k) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and 4 assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory 5 Board, may allocate monies for purse supplements for such races. In determining whether to allocate money and the amount, 6 the Department of Agriculture shall consider factors, 7 8 including but not limited to, the amount of money appropriated 9 for the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund program, the number 10 of races that may occur, and an organizational licensee's purse 11 structure. The organizational licensee shall notify the 12 Department of Agriculture of the conditions and minimum purses 13 for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses to be conducted by each organizational licensee conducting a harness 14 15 racing meeting for which purse supplements have been 16 negotiated.
 - (1) All races held at county fairs and the State Fair which receive funds from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the United States Trotting Association unless otherwise modified by the Department of Agriculture.
 - (m) At all standardbred race meetings held or conducted under authority of a license granted by the Board, and at all standardbred races held at county fairs which are approved by the Department of Agriculture or at the Illinois or DuQuoin State Fairs, no one shall jog, train, warm up or drive a standardbred horse unless he or she is wearing a protective safety helmet, with the chin strap fastened and in place, which meets the standards and requirements as set forth in the 1984 Standard for Protective Headgear for Use in Harness Racing and Other Equestrian Sports published by the Snell Memorial Foundation, or any standards and requirements for headgear the Illinois Racing Board may approve. Any other standards and requirements so approved by the Board shall equal or exceed published by the Snell Memorial Foundation. equestrian helmet bearing the Snell label shall be deemed to

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

- have met those standards and requirements.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 3 (230 ILCS 5/31.1) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-31.1)
- 4 Sec. 31.1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), organization licensees collectively shall contribute annually 5 to charity the sum of \$750,000 to non-profit organizations that 6 7 provide medical and family, counseling, and similar services to persons who reside or work on the backstretch of Illinois 8 racetracks. These contributions shall be collected as follows: 9 (i) no later than July 1st of each year the Board shall assess 10 11 each organization licensee, except those tracks which are not within 100 miles of each other which tracks shall pay \$30,000 12 annually apiece into the Board charity fund, that amount which 13 14 equals \$690,000 multiplied by the amount of pari-mutuel 15 wagering handled by the organization licensee in the year 16 preceding assessment and divided by the total pari-mutuel wagering handled by all Illinois organization licensees, 17 18 except those tracks which are not within 100 miles of each 19 other, in the year preceding assessment; (ii) notice of the assessed contribution shall be mailed to each organization 20 licensee; (iii) within thirty days of its receipt of such 21 22 notice, each organization licensee shall remit the assessed 23 contribution to the Board. If an organization licensee wilfully fails to so remit the contribution, the Board may revoke its 24 25 license to conduct horse racing.
 - (b) No later than October 1st of each year, any qualified charitable organization seeking an allotment of contributed funds shall submit to the Board an application for those funds, using the Board's approved form. No later than December 31st of each year, the Board shall distribute all such amounts collected that year to such charitable organization applicants.
 - (c) Upon the commencement of electronic gaming by an electronic gaming licensee, the Board shall not assess any organization licensee at a race track at which electronic

- 1 gaming has commenced any sum as provided in subsection (a), but
- 2 <u>the Board shall assess an organization licensee that conducted</u>
- 3 live racing in the previous year at a race track at which
- 4 <u>electronic gaming is not conducted at its previous year's</u>
- 5 assessment.

- 6 (Source: P.A. 87-110.)
- 7 (230 ILCS 5/32.1)

Sec. 32.1. Pari-mutuel tax credit; statewide racetrack real estate equalization. In order to encourage new investment in Illinois racetrack facilities and mitigate differing real estate tax burdens among all racetracks, the licensees affiliated or associated with each racetrack that has been awarded live racing dates in the current year shall receive an immediate pari-mutuel tax credit in an amount equal to the greater of (i) 50% of the amount of the real estate taxes paid in the prior year attributable to that racetrack, or (ii) the amount by which the real estate taxes paid in the prior year attributable to that racetrack exceeds 60% of the average real estate taxes paid in the prior year for all racetracks awarded live horse racing meets in the current year.

Each year, regardless of whether the organization licensee conducted live racing in the year of certification, the Board shall certify in writing, prior to December 31, the real estate taxes paid in that year for each racetrack and the amount of the pari-mutuel tax credit that each organization licensee, intertrack wagering licensee, and intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from such racetrack is entitled in the succeeding calendar year. The real estate taxes considered under this Section for any racetrack shall be those taxes on the real estate parcels and related facilities used to conduct a horse race meeting and inter-track wagering at such racetrack under this Act. In no event shall the amount of the tax credit under this Section exceed the amount of pari-mutuel taxes otherwise calculated under this Act. The amount of the

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

1 licensee and shall not be subject to any reallocation or

2 further distribution under this Act. The Board may promulgate

3 emergency rules to implement this Section.

An organization licensee shall no longer be eligible to receive a pari-mutuel tax credit under this Section beginning on the January 1 first occurring after the organization licensee begins conducting electronic qaming pursuant to an electronic qaming license issued under Section 7.6 of the Riverboat Gambling Act or on January 1, 2007, whichever comes first. For the calendar year in which an organization licensee that is eligible to receive a pari-mutuel tax credit under this Section begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license, the amount of the pari-mutuel tax credit shall be reduced by a percentage equal to the percentage of the year remaining after the organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to its electronic gaming license. Beginning on January 1, 2007, the provisions of this Section shall be of no force and effect.

- 19 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 20 (230 ILCS 5/34.2 new)
- Sec. 34.2. Racetrack integration.
- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the 22 contrary, if, after January 1, 2000, 2 or more existing 23 organization licensees that held inter-track wagering location 24 25 licenses on January 1, 2000 integrate into a single 26 organization licensee or otherwise form a joint venture, corporation, limited liability company, or similar integrated 27 enterprise (integrated organization licensee) whereby the 28 integrated organization licensee makes application or joint 29 30 application, as the case may be, as a single organization licensee, or the existing licensees, after integration, make 31 separate applications in the names of the pre-existing 32 licensees, the newly integrated organization license or each 33 separate pre-existing licensee shall thereafter have the right 34 to retain all of the inter-track wagering licenses and 35

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

1 inter-track wagering location licenses of the individual 2 pre-integration organization licensees that existed before the integration and the authority to obtain the number of 3 inter-track wagering location licenses that then or thereafter 4 5 would have been available to the pre-integration race tracks if they had not integrated, notwithstanding the sale or non-use of 6 one of the racetracks to which the inter-track wagering 7 <u>licenses</u> and inter-track wagering location licenses were 8 originally issued. 9

(b) If a pre-integration licensee generated Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races as an organization licensee or intertrack licensee in 1994, then the amount of that 1994 pari-mutuel handle shall be combined with the 1994 pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races of the wagering facility at which the integrated organization licensee conducts its race meetings and its intertrack wagering for the purpose of calculating and certifying recapture pursuant to Section 26(g) (13) of this Act.

19 (230 ILCS 5/36) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-36)

Sec. 36. (a) Whoever administers or conspires to administer to any horse a hypnotic, narcotic, stimulant, depressant or any chemical substance which may affect the speed of a horse at any time in any race where the purse or any part of the purse is made of money authorized by any Section of this Act, except those chemical substances permitted by ruling of the Board, internally, externally or by hypodermic method in a race or prior thereto, or whoever knowingly enters a horse in any race within a period of 24 hours after any hypnotic, narcotic, stimulant, depressant or any other chemical substance which may affect the speed of a horse at any time, except those chemical substances permitted by ruling of the Board, has been administered to such horse either internally or externally or by hypodermic method for the purpose of increasing or retarding the speed of such horse shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. The Board shall suspend or revoke such violator's license.

- 1 (b) The term "hypnotic" as used in this Section includes 2 all barbituric acid preparations and derivatives.
- 3 (c) The term "narcotic" as used in this Section includes 4 opium and all its alkaloids, salts, preparations and 5 derivatives, cocaine and all its salts, preparations and
- 6 derivatives and substitutes.
- 7 (d) The provisions of this Section 36 and the treatment
- 8 <u>authorized herein apply to horses entered in and competing in</u>
- 9 <u>race meetings as defined in Section 3.47 of this Act and to</u>
- 10 horses entered in and competing at any county fair.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 79-1185.)
- 12 (230 ILCS 5/42) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-42)
- Sec. 42. (a) Except as to the distribution of monies
- provided for by Sections 28, 29, 30, and 31 and the treating of
- horses as provided in Section 36, nothing whatsoever in this
- 16 Act shall be held or taken to apply to county fairs and State
- 17 Fairs or to agricultural and livestock exhibitions where the
- pari-mutuel system of wagering upon the result of horses is not
- 19 permitted or conducted.
- 20 (b) Nothing herein shall be construed to permit the
- 21 pari-mutuel method of wagering upon any race track unless such
- 22 race track is licensed under this Act. It is hereby declared to
- 23 be unlawful for any person to permit, conduct or supervise upon
- 24 any race track ground the pari-mutuel method of wagering except
- in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- 26 (c) Whoever violates subsection (b) of this Section is
- 27 guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)
- 29 (230 ILCS 5/56 new)
- 30 Sec. 56. Electronic gaming.
- 31 (a) An organization licensee may apply to the Illinois
- 32 <u>Gaming Board for an electronic gaming license. An electronic</u>
- 33 gaming license shall authorize its holder to conduct electronic
- 34 gaming on the grounds of the licensee's race track. Only one

organization licensee per race track may be awarded an electronic gaming license. Each license shall specify the number of gaming positions that its holder may operate. An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under 21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming facility,

but the licensee may accept pari-mutuel wagers at its

electronic gaming facility that are placed by persons who are

at least 21 years of age.

If employees of an organization licensee accept pari-mutuel wagers at a portion of the organization licensee's race track that is not separate and distinct from its electronic gaming facility, those employees must be licensed in the same manner as employees of an electronic gaming facility and must undergo the same background investigation under the Riverboat Gambling Act as employees of an electronic gaming facility.

(b) Prior to the payment of any taxes under Section 13 of the Riverboat Gambling Act, of the adjusted gross receipts received by an electronic gaming licensee from electronic gaming, 14% of those adjusted gross receipts received during the first 5 years that the licensee conducts electronic gaming and 15% of those adjusted gross receipts received during the sixth and all subsequent years that the licensee conducts electronic gaming shall be paid to purse equity accounts as provided by current law or as provided by Racing Board rule. Of the moneys paid into purse equity accounts under this subsection (b), 58% shall be paid to thoroughbred purse equity accounts and 42% shall be paid to standardbred purse equity accounts.

(c) Prior to the payment of any taxes under Section 13 of the Riverboat Gambling Act, the following amounts shall be paid each month by all electronic gaming licensees from the adjusted gross receipts received by those electronic gaming licensees:

(1) 1/12 of \$5,000,000 shall be paid to the Board and distributed by the Board as determined by rule into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund and the Illinois

1	Standardbred Breeders Fund;						
2	(2) 1/12 of \$1,250,000 shall be paid to the Racing						
3	Industry Charitable Foundation;						
4	(3) 1/12 of \$500,000 shall be paid to the Board and						
5	distributed to the University of Illinois for equine						
6	research;						
7	(4) 1/12 of \$250,000 shall be paid to the Board and						
8	distributed to Southern Illinois University for equine						
9	research; and						
10	(5) 1/12 of \$500,000 shall be paid into the Illinois						
11	Quarterhorse Breeders Fund.						
12	The payments required under this subsection (c) shall be						
13	paid by electronic gaming licensees, pro rata, based on the						
14	total amount wagered at each of those electronic gaming						
15	licensees' electronic gaming facilities in the previous month						
16	upon the commencement of electronic gaming at each race track.						
17	Prior to the commencement of electronic gaming at each race						
18	track, the payments required under this subsection (c) shall be						
19	paid by electronic gaming licensees, pro rata, based upon the						
20	total amount of per position fees authorized to be imposed on						
21	all electronic gaming licensees pursuant to subsection (c) of						
22	Section 7.6 of the Riverboat Gambling Act compared to the total						
23	amount of per position fees authorized to be imposed on each						
24	electronic gaming licensee individually.						
25	(d) The amounts remaining after all payments required under						
26	this Section and under Section 13 of the Riverboat Gambling Act						
27	shall be retained by the electronic gaming licensee.						
28	(230 ILCS 5/57 new)						
29	Sec. 57. Marketing and Promotion.						
30	(a) Beginning January 30, 2007 and every January 30						
31	thereafter, each organization licensee shall certify the						
32	amounts it spent on marketing and promoting horse racing and						
33	electronic gaming in the immediately previous calendar year.						
34	(b) Beginning with calendar year 2007, and every year						

thereafter, each organization licensee that was awarded an

1 <u>electronic gaming license by the Illinois Gaming Board shall</u>

spend on the marketing of horse racing in each calendar year no

less than the organization licensee spent on the marketing of

horse racing in calendar year 2003.

- (c) Beginning with calendar year 2007, an organization licensee that was awarded an electronic gaming license by the Illinois Gaming Board shall be required to spend on the marketing of electronic gaming in each calendar year no less than the amount that the organization licensee spent on the marketing of horse racing in calendar year 2004. At least 50% of any advertising spent to promote electronic gaming shall also promote horse racing. Advertising includes direct spending for print and electronic media.
- (d) If the average total daily handle on live race meets of an organization licensee that was awarded an electronic gaming license by the Illinois Gaming Board decreases by 15% or more compared to the average daily handle for live race meets of that licensee in the immediately previous calendar year, that organization licensee shall increase advertising expenditures promoting horse racing by 50% in the immediately following calendar year, unless the organization licensee and its representative horsemen's association agree otherwise in writing. An organization licensee that experiences such a decrease in average daily handle for live race meets shall notify the Illinois Racing Board of the amount that it intends to spend on advertising horse racing in the immediately following calendar year.
- (e) Before November 30 of each year, an organization licensee that has been awarded race dates for the subsequent year shall convene a meeting with representatives of horsemen's associations to discuss, review, and solicit input regarding the horse racing marketing plans for horse racing promotional programs conducted in the current year and planned for the subsequent year.

- 1 changing Sections 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 11.1, 12, 13, 14, 18,
- 2 19, and 20 and adding Sections 7.6, 7.7, 13.2, and 13.3 as
- 3 follows:
- 4 (230 ILCS 10/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 2403)
- 5 Sec. 3. Riverboat Gambling Authorized.
- 6 (a) Riverboat gambling operations <u>and electronic gaming</u>
- 7 <u>operations</u> and the system of wagering incorporated therein, as
- 8 defined in this Act, are hereby authorized to the extent that
- 9 they are carried out in accordance with the provisions of this
- 10 Act.
- 11 (b) This Act does not apply to the pari-mutuel system of
- 12 wagering used or intended to be used in connection with the
- 13 horse-race meetings as authorized under the Illinois Horse
- Racing Act of 1975, lottery games authorized under the Illinois
- 15 Lottery Law, bingo authorized under the Bingo License and Tax
- 16 Act, charitable games authorized under the Charitable Games Act
- or pull tabs and jar games conducted under the Illinois Pull
- 18 Tabs and Jar Games Act. This Act does apply to electronic
- 19 gaming authorized under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975
- to the extent provided in that Act and in this Act.
- 21 (c) Riverboat gambling conducted pursuant to this Act may
- 22 be authorized upon any water within the State of Illinois or
- 23 any water other than Lake Michigan which constitutes a boundary
- of the State of Illinois. A licensee may conduct riverboat
- 25 gambling authorized under this Act regardless of whether it
- 26 conducts excursion cruises. A licensee may permit the
- 27 continuous ingress and egress of passengers for the purpose of
- 28 gambling.
- 29 <u>(d) Electronic gaming may be conducted at electronic</u>
- 30 gaming facilities as authorized under this Act.
- 31 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 32 (230 ILCS 10/4) (from Ch. 120, par. 2404)
- 33 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 34 (a) "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 (b) "Occupational license" means a license issued by the 2 Board to a person or entity to perform an occupation which the 3 Board has identified as requiring a license to engage in riverboat gambling in Illinois. 4
- 5 (c) "Gambling game" includes, but is not limited to, 6 baccarat, twenty-one, poker, craps, slot machine, video game of 7 chance, roulette wheel, klondike table, punchboard, faro layout, keno layout, numbers ticket, push card, jar ticket, or 8 pull tab which is authorized by the Board as a wagering device 9 10 under this Act.
 - (d) "Riverboat" means a self-propelled excursion boat, a permanently moored barge, or permanently moored barges that are permanently fixed together to operate as one vessel, on which lawful gambling is authorized and licensed as provided in this Act.
 - (e) "Managers license" means a license issued by the Board to a person or entity to manage gambling operations conducted by the State pursuant to Section 7.3 $\frac{7.2}{}$.
 - (f) "Dock" means the location where a riverboat moors for the purpose of embarking passengers for and disembarking passengers from the riverboat.
 - (g) "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens or electronic cards by riverboat patrons or electronic gaming operation patrons.
- 25 (h) "Adjusted gross receipts" means the gross receipts less 26 winnings paid to wagerers.
- (i) "Cheat" means to alter the selection of criteria which 28 determine the result of a gambling game or the amount or 29 frequency of payment in a gambling game.
- 30 (j) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- 31 (k) "Gambling operation" means the conduct of authorized 32 gambling games authorized under this Act on upon a riverboat or authorized under this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 33 1975 at an electronic gaming facility. 34
- (1) "License bid" means the lump sum amount of money that 35 36 an applicant bids and agrees to pay the State in return for an

- owners license that is re-issued on or after July 1, 2003.
- 2 (m) The terms "minority person" and "female" shall have the
- 3 same meaning as defined in Section 2 of the Business Enterprise
- for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act.
- 5 "Owners license" means a license to conduct riverboat
- 6 gambling operations, but does not include an electronic gaming
- 7 license.
- 8 "Licensed owner" means a person who holds an owners
- 9 <u>license</u>.
- 10 "Electronic gaming license" means a license issued by the
- Board under Section 7.6 of this Act authorizing electronic
- 12 gaming at an electronic gaming facility.
- "Electronic gaming" means the conduct of gambling using
- 14 slot machines, video games of chance, or both, at a race track
- 15 <u>licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 pursuant</u>
- to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and this Act.
- 17 <u>"Electronic gaming facility" means the area where the Board</u>
- 18 has authorized electronic gaming at a race track of an
- organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of
- 20 <u>1975 that holds an electronic gaming license.</u>
- "Organization licensee" means an entity authorized by the
- 22 <u>Illinois Racing Board to conduct pari-mutuel wagering in</u>
- 23 <u>accordance with the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.</u>
- "Gambling participant" and "gaming position" both have the
- 25 same meaning as the term "gaming position" as defined by the
- 26 Board by rule.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 92-600, eff. 6-28-02; 93-28, eff. 6-20-03;
- 28 revisory 1-28-04.)
- 29 (230 ILCS 10/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 2405)
- 30 Sec. 5. Gaming Board.
- 31 (a) (1) There is hereby established within the Department
- of Revenue an Illinois Gaming Board which shall have the powers
- 33 and duties specified in this Act, and all other powers
- 34 necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute this Act
- for the purpose of administering, regulating, and enforcing the

- system of riverboat gambling established by this Act. Its jurisdiction shall extend under this Act to every person, association, corporation, partnership and trust involved in riverboat gambling operations in the State of Illinois.
 - (2) The Board shall consist of 5 members to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, one of whom shall be designated by the Governor to be chairman. Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the practice, procedure and principles of gambling operations. Each member shall either be a resident of Illinois or shall certify that he will become a resident of Illinois before taking office. At least one member shall be experienced in law enforcement and criminal investigation, at least one member shall be a certified public accountant experienced in accounting and auditing, and at least one member shall be a lawyer licensed to practice law in Illinois.
 - (3) The terms of office of the Board members shall be 3 years, except that the terms of office of the initial Board members appointed pursuant to this Act will commence from the effective date of this Act and run as follows: one for a term ending July 1, 1991, 2 for a term ending July 1, 1992, and 2 for a term ending July 1, 1993. Upon the expiration of the foregoing terms, the successors of such members shall serve a term for 3 years and until their successors are appointed and qualified for like terms. Vacancies in the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term in like manner as original appointments. Each member of the Board shall be eligible for reappointment at the discretion of the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
 - (4) Each member of the Board shall receive \$300 for each day the Board meets and for each day the member conducts any hearing pursuant to this Act. Each member of the Board shall also be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution of official duties.
 - (5) No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or continue to be a member of the Board who is, or whose spouse,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

child or parent is, a member of the board of directors of, or a person financially interested in, any gambling operation subject to the jurisdiction of this Board, or any race track, race meeting, racing association or the operations thereof subject to the jurisdiction of the Illinois Racing Board. No Board member shall hold any other public office for which he shall receive compensation other than necessary travel or other incidental expenses. No person shall be a member of the Board who is not of good moral character or who has been convicted of, or is under indictment for, a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other state, or the United States.

- (6) Any member of the Board may be removed by the Governor for neglect of duty, misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance in office.
- (7) Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, each member of the Board shall take an oath that he will faithfully execute the duties of his office according to the laws of the State and the rules and regulations adopted therewith and shall give bond to the State of Illinois, approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$25,000. Every such bond, when duly executed and approved, shall be recorded in the office of the Secretary of State. Whenever the Governor determines that the bond of any member of the Board has become or is likely to become invalid or insufficient, he shall require such member forthwith to renew his bond, which is to be approved by the Governor. Any member of the Board who fails to take oath and give bond within 30 days from the date of his appointment, or who fails to renew his bond within 30 days after it is demanded by the Governor, shall be quilty of neglect of duty and may be removed by the Governor. The cost of any bond given by any member of the Board under this Section shall be taken to be a part of the necessary expenses of the Board.
- (8) Upon the request of the Board, the Department shall employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Board. No person shall be employed to serve

- the Board who is, or whose spouse, parent or child is, an official of, or has a financial interest in or financial relation with, any operator engaged in gambling operations within this State or any organization engaged in conducting horse racing within this State. Any employee violating these prohibitions shall be subject to termination of employment.
 - (9) An Administrator shall perform any and all duties that the Board shall assign him. The salary of the Administrator shall be determined by the Board and approved by the Director of the Department and, in addition, he shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred by him in discharge of his official duties. The Administrator shall keep records of all proceedings of the Board and shall preserve all records, books, documents and other papers belonging to the Board or entrusted to its care. The Administrator shall devote his full time to the duties of the office and shall not hold any other office or employment.
 - (b) The Board shall have general responsibility for the implementation of this Act. Its duties include, without limitation, the following:
 - (1) To decide promptly and in reasonable order all license applications. Any party aggrieved by an action of the Board denying, suspending, revoking, restricting or refusing to renew a license may request a hearing before the Board. A request for a hearing must be made to the Board in writing within 5 days after service of notice of the action of the Board. Notice of the action of the Board shall be served either by personal delivery or by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the aggrieved party. Notice served by certified mail shall be deemed complete on the business day following the date of such mailing. The Board shall conduct all requested hearings promptly and in reasonable order;
 - (2) To conduct all hearings pertaining to civil violations of this Act or rules and regulations promulgated hereunder;

- (3) To promulgate such rules and regulations as in its judgment may be necessary to protect or enhance the credibility and integrity of gambling operations authorized by this Act and the regulatory process hereunder;
 - (4) To provide for the establishment and collection of all license and registration fees and taxes imposed by this Act and the rules and regulations issued pursuant hereto. All such fees and taxes shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund;
 - (5) To provide for the levy and collection of penalties and fines for the violation of provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. All such fines and penalties shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois;
 - (6) To be present through its inspectors and agents any time gambling operations are conducted on any riverboat or at any electronic gaming facility for the purpose of certifying the revenue thereof, receiving complaints from the public, and conducting such other investigations into the conduct of the gambling games and the maintenance of the equipment as from time to time the Board may deem necessary and proper;
 - (7) To review and rule upon any complaint by a licensee regarding any investigative procedures of the State which are unnecessarily disruptive of gambling operations. The need to inspect and investigate shall be presumed at all times. The disruption of a licensee's operations shall be proved by clear and convincing evidence, and establish that: (A) the procedures had no reasonable law enforcement purposes, and (B) the procedures were so disruptive as to unreasonably inhibit gambling operations;
 - (8) To hold at least one meeting each quarter of the fiscal year. In addition, special meetings may be called by the Chairman or any 2 Board members upon 72 hours written

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

notice to each member. All Board meetings shall be subject to the Open Meetings Act. Three members of the Board shall constitute a quorum, and 3 votes shall be required for any final determination by the Board. The Board shall keep a complete and accurate record of all its meetings. A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, for the performance of any duty, or for the exercise of any power which this Act requires the Board members to transact, perform or exercise en banc, except that, upon order of the Board, one of the Board members or an administrative law judge designated by the Board may conduct any hearing provided for under this Act or by Board rule and may recommend findings and decisions to the Board. The Board member or administrative law judge conducting such hearing shall have all powers and rights granted to the Board in this Act. The record made at the time of the hearing shall be reviewed by the Board, or a majority thereof, and the findings and decision of the majority of the Board shall constitute the order of the Board in such case;

- (9) To maintain records which are separate and distinct from the records of any other State board or commission. Such records shall be available for public inspection and shall accurately reflect all Board proceedings;
- (10) To file a written annual report with the Governor on or before March 1 each year and such additional reports as the Governor may request. The annual report shall include a statement of receipts and disbursements by the Board, actions taken by the Board, and any additional information and recommendations which the Board may deem valuable or which the Governor may request;

(11) (Blank); and

(12) To assume responsibility for the administration and enforcement of the Bingo License and Tax Act, the Charitable Games Act, and the Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act if such responsibility is delegated to it by the Director

of Revenue<u>; and</u>-

- (13) To assume responsibility for the administration and enforcement of operations at electronic gaming facilities pursuant to this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.
- (c) The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall supervise all gambling operations governed by this Act. The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this Act, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (1) To investigate applicants and determine the eligibility of applicants for licenses and to select among competing applicants the applicants which best serve the interests of the citizens of Illinois.
 - (2) To have jurisdiction and supervision over all riverboat gambling operations <u>authorized under this Act</u> in this State and all persons <u>in places</u> on riverboats where gambling operations are conducted.
 - of administering the provisions of this Act and to prescribe rules, regulations and conditions under which all riverboat gambling operations subject to this Act in the State shall be conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of riverboat gambling, including rules and regulations regarding the inspection of electronic gaming facilities and such riverboats and the review of any permits or licenses necessary to operate a riverboat under any laws or regulations applicable to riverboats, and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
 - (4) To enter the office, riverboats, electronic gaming facilities, and other facilities, or other places of business of a licensee, where evidence of the compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of this Act is likely to be found.

- (5) To investigate alleged violations of this Act or the rules of the Board and to take appropriate disciplinary action against a licensee or a holder of an occupational license for a violation, or institute appropriate legal action for enforcement, or both.
 - (6) To adopt standards for the licensing of all persons under this Act, as well as for electronic or mechanical gambling games, and to establish fees for such licenses.
 - (7) To adopt appropriate standards for all <u>electronic</u> gaming facilities, riverboats, and <u>other</u> facilities <u>authorized under this Act</u>.
 - (8) To require that the records, including financial or other statements of any licensee under this Act, shall be kept in such manner as prescribed by the Board and that any such licensee involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations submit to the Board an annual balance sheet and profit and loss statement, list of the stockholders or other persons having a 1% or greater beneficial interest in the gambling activities of each licensee, and any other information the Board deems necessary in order to effectively administer this Act and all rules, regulations, orders and final decisions promulgated under this Act.
 - (9) To conduct hearings, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of books, records and other pertinent documents in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and to administer oaths and affirmations to the witnesses, when, in the judgment of the Board, it is necessary to administer or enforce this Act or the Board rules.
 - (10) To prescribe a form to be used by any licensee involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations as an application for employment for their employees.
 - (11) To revoke or suspend licenses, as the Board may

see fit and in compliance with applicable laws of the State administrative procedures, regarding and to applications for the renewal of licenses. The Board may suspend an owners license or electronic gaming license, without notice or hearing, upon a determination that the safety or health of patrons or employees is jeopardized by continuing a gambling operation conducted under that <u>license</u> a riverboat's operation. The suspension may remain in effect until the Board determines that the cause for suspension has been abated. The Board may revoke the owners license or electronic gaming license upon a determination that the licensee owner has not made satisfactory progress toward abating the hazard.

- (12) To eject or exclude or authorize the ejection or exclusion of, any person from riverboat gambling facilities where that such person is in violation of this Act, rules and regulations thereunder, or final orders of the Board, or where such person's conduct or reputation is such that his or her presence within the riverboat gambling facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into question the honesty and integrity of the gambling operations or interfere with the orderly conduct thereof; provided that the propriety of such ejection or exclusion is subject to subsequent hearing by the Board.
- (13) To require all licensees of gambling operations to utilize a cashless wagering system whereby all players' money is converted to tokens, electronic cards, or chips which shall be used only for wagering in the gambling establishment.
 - (14) (Blank).
- (15) To suspend, revoke or restrict licenses, to require the removal of a licensee or an employee of a licensee for a violation of this Act or a Board rule or for engaging in a fraudulent practice, and to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 or an amount equal to the daily gross receipts,

whichever is larger, against licensees for each violation of any provision of the Act, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to riverboat gambling operations.

- (16) To hire employees to gather information, conduct investigations and carry out any other tasks contemplated under this Act.
- (17) To establish minimum levels of insurance to be maintained by licensees.
- (18) To authorize a licensee to sell or serve alcoholic liquors, wine or beer as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934 on board a riverboat and to have exclusive authority to establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat, notwithstanding any provision of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or any local ordinance, and regardless of whether the riverboat makes excursions. The establishment of the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat. This <u>subdivision</u> (18) amendatory Act of 1991 is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
- (19) After consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, to establish binding emergency orders upon the concurrence of a majority of the members of the Board regarding the navigability of water, relative to excursions, in the event of extreme weather conditions, acts of God or other extreme circumstances.
- (20) To delegate the execution of any of its powers under this Act for the purpose of administering and enforcing this Act and its rules and regulations hereunder.
- (21) To make rules concerning the conduct of electronic gaming.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

31

32

33

34

- 1 (22) (21) To take any other action as may be reasonable
 2 or appropriate to enforce this Act and rules and
 3 regulations hereunder.
 - (d) The Board may seek and shall receive the cooperation of the Department of State Police in conducting background investigations of applicants and in fulfilling its responsibilities under this Section. Costs incurred by the Department of State Police as a result of such cooperation shall be paid by the Board in conformance with the requirements of Section 2605-400 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-400).
- (e) The Board must authorize to each investigator and to any other employee of the Board exercising the powers of a peace officer a distinct badge that, on its face, (i) clearly states that the badge is authorized by the Board and (ii) contains a unique identifying number. No other badge shall be authorized by the Board.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 1-1-00; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 91-883, eff. 1-1-01.)
- 20 (230 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 120, par. 2407)
- Sec. 7. Owners Licenses.
- 22 (a) The Board shall issue owners licenses to persons, firms 23 or corporations which apply for such licenses upon payment to 24 the Board of the non-refundable license fee set by the Board, 25 upon payment of a \$25,000 license fee for the first year of 26 operation and a \$5,000 license fee for each succeeding year and 27 upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is 28 eligible for an owners license pursuant to this Act and the 29 rules of the Board. A person, firm or corporation is ineligible to receive an owners license if: 30
 - (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
 - (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;

1	(3) the person has submitted an application for a
2	license under this Act which contains false information;
3	(4) the person is a member of the Board;
4	(5) a person defined in (1) , (2) , (3) or (4) is an
5	officer, director or managerial employee of the firm or
6	corporation;
7	(6) the firm or corporation employs a person defined in
8	(1), (2) , (3) or (4) who participates in the management or
9	operation of gambling operations authorized under this
10	Act;
11	(7) (blank); or
12	(8) a license of the person, firm or corporation issued
13	under this Act, or a license to own or operate gambling
14	facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.
15	(b) In determining whether to grant an owners license to an
16	applicant, the Board shall consider:
17	(1) the character, reputation, experience and
18	financial integrity of the applicants and of any other or
19	separate person that either:
20	(A) controls, directly or indirectly, such
21	applicant, or
22	(B) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by such
23	applicant or by a person which controls, directly or
24	<pre>indirectly, such applicant;</pre>
25	(2) the facilities or proposed facilities for the
26	conduct of riverboat gambling;
27	(3) the highest prospective total revenue to be derived
28	by the State from the conduct of riverboat gambling;
29	(4) the extent to which the ownership of the applicant
30	reflects the diversity of the State by including minority
31	persons and females and the good faith affirmative action
32	plan of each applicant to recruit, train and upgrade
33	minority persons and females in all employment
34	classifications;
35	(5) the financial ability of the applicant to purchase

and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

- (6) whether the applicant has adequate capitalization to provide and maintain, for the duration of a license, a riverboat;
 - (7) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets other standards for the issuance of an owners license which the Board may adopt by rule; and
 - (8) The amount of the applicant's license bid.
 - (c) Each owners license shall specify the place where riverboats shall operate and dock.
 - (d) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints.
 - In addition to any licenses authorized under subsections (e-5) and (e-10), the The Board may issue up to 10 licenses authorizing the holders of such licenses to own riverboats. In the application for an owners license, the applicant shall state the dock at which the riverboat is based and the water on which the riverboat will be located. The Board shall issue 5 licenses to become effective not earlier than January 1, 1991. Three of such licenses shall authorize riverboat gambling on the Mississippi River, or, with approval by the municipality in which the riverboat is docked on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd Assembly, in a municipality that (1) borders on the Mississippi River or is within 5 miles of the city limits of a municipality that borders on the Mississippi River and (2), on $\underline{\text{August 7, 2003}}$ the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, has a riverboat conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to a license issued under this Act+, one of which shall authorize riverboat gambling from a home dock in the city of East St. Louis. One other license shall authorize riverboat gambling on the Illinois River south of Marshall County. The Board shall issue one additional license to become effective not earlier than March 1, 1992, which shall authorize riverboat gambling on the Des Plaines River in Will County. The Board may issue 4 additional licenses to become effective not earlier than March 1, 1992. In determining the water upon which

riverboats will operate, the Board shall consider the economic benefit which riverboat gambling confers on the State, and shall seek to assure that all regions of the State share in the economic benefits of riverboat gambling.

In granting all licenses, the Board may give favorable consideration to economically depressed areas of the State, to applicants presenting plans which provide for significant economic development over a large geographic area, and to applicants who currently operate non-gambling riverboats in Illinois. The Board shall review all applications for owners licenses, and shall inform each applicant of the Board's decision. Except for a license issued under subsection (e-5), the The Board may grant an owners license to an applicant that has not submitted the highest license bid, but if it does not select the highest bidder, the Board shall issue a written decision explaining why another applicant was selected and identifying the factors set forth in this Section that favored the winning bidder.

(e) and (e-10), the Board may issue one owners license authorizing the conduct of riverboat gambling operations from a home dock in a municipality with a population of more than 500,000 inhabitants. An owners license issued under this subsection (e-5) shall be issued only to the governing board of the municipality in which its home dock is located. No such license may be awarded to any other person or entity. If a license is issued to the governing board of a municipality pursuant to this subsection (e-5), that governing board shall conduct an auction and grant the opportunity to manage the riverboat gambling operations authorized by that license to the highest qualified bidder.

(e-10) In addition to licenses authorized under subsections (e) and (e-5), the Board may issue one owners license authorizing the conduct of riverboat gambling operations from a home dock located outside of the City of Chicago, but in Cook County and in one of the following

1 townships: Bloom, Thornton, Rich, Orland, Calumet, Worth,
2 Palos, Bremen, or Lemont Township.

(e-15) In addition to any other revocation powers granted to the Board under this Act, the Board may revoke the owners license of a licensee which fails to begin conducting gambling within 15 months of receipt of the Board's approval of the application if the Board determines that license revocation is in the best interests of the State.

- (f) The first 10 owners licenses issued under this Act shall permit the holder to own up to 2 riverboats and equipment thereon for a period of 3 years after the effective date of the license. Holders of the first 10 owners licenses must pay the annual license fee for each of the 3 years during which they are authorized to own riverboats.
- (g) Upon the termination, expiration, or revocation of each owners license of the first 10 licenses, which shall be issued for a 3 year period, all licenses are renewable annually upon payment of the fee and a determination by the Board that the licensee continues to meet all of the requirements of this Act and the Board's rules. However, for licenses renewed on or after May 1, 1998, renewal shall be for a period of 4 years, unless the Board sets a shorter period.
- (h) An owners license shall entitle the licensee to own up to 2 riverboats and, other than a owners license received under subsection (e-5), operate up to 2,000 gaming positions. In addition to the 2,000 gaming positions authorized by a licensee's owners license, a licensee may operate gaming positions that it acquires pursuant to the competitive bidding process established under this subsection (h). A licensee may operate both of its riverboats concurrently, provided that the total number of gaming positions on both riverboats does not exceed 2,000 plus the number of gaming positions it receives under the competitive bidding process. For each 4-year license period, a licensee shall certify to the Board the total number of gaming positions it will use during the license period. If a licensee certifies that it will use a given number of gaming

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

positions during its license period and, in the Board's

determination, fails to use some or all of those gaming

positions, then the unused gaming positions shall become the

property of the Board. If a licensee certifies that it will use

fewer than 2,000 gaming positions, then the authorized but

unused gaming positions shall become the property of the Board.

The Board shall establish, by rule, a method for licensees to

competitively bid for the right to use gaming positions that

become the property of the Board under this subsection (h). A

licensee may not bid for additional gaming positions under this

subsection (h) unless (1) it certifies that it is currently

using all 2,000 gaming positions authorized by its license or

(2) it certifies that it is remodeling or has remodeled its

riverboat gambling facilities and, upon completion of the

remodeling, will be able to operate at least 2,000 gaming

positions.

An owners licensee that is authorized to admit in excess of 1,200 participants under this subsection (h) may conduct riverboat gambling operations from a temporary facility pending the construction of a permanent facility or the remodeling of an existing facility to accommodate those additional participants for up to 12 months after receiving the authority to admit additional participants. Upon request by an owners licensee and upon a showing of good cause by the owners licensee, the Board shall extend the period during which the licensee may conduct riverboat gambling operations from a temporary facility by up to 12 months. The number of participants who may be present at such a temporary facility at one time may not exceed the number of participants the licensee is authorized to admit in excess of 1,200. The Board shall make rules concerning the conduct of gambling from temporary facilities.

Notwithstanding any provision in this subsection (h) to the contrary, a licensee that receives its owners license under subsection (e-5) shall limit the number of gaming positions to the number set by the Board, which may not exceed 4,000

- a licensee that receives its license under subsection (e-5) may admit, the Board shall consider the best interests of the riverboat gambling industry. A licensee shall limit the number of gambling participants to 1,200 for any such owners license. A licensee may operate both of its riverboats concurrently, provided that the total number of gambling participants on both riverboats does not exceed 1,200. Riverboats licensed to operate on the Mississippi River and the Illinois River south of Marshall County shall have an authorized capacity of at least 500 persons. Any other riverboat licensed under this Act shall have an authorized capacity of at least 400 persons.
- (i) A licensed owner is authorized to apply to the Board for and, if approved therefor, to receive all licenses from the Board necessary for the operation of a riverboat, including a liquor license, a license to prepare and serve food for human consumption, and other necessary licenses. All use, occupation and excise taxes which apply to the sale of food and beverages in this State and all taxes imposed on the sale or use of tangible personal property apply to such sales aboard the riverboat.
- (j) The Board may issue or re-issue a license authorizing a riverboat to dock in a municipality or approve a relocation under Section 11.2 only if, prior to the issuance or re-issuance of the license or approval, the governing body of the municipality in which the riverboat will dock has by a majority vote approved the docking of riverboats in the municipality. The Board may issue or re-issue a license authorizing a riverboat to dock in areas of a county outside any municipality or approve a relocation under Section 11.2 only if, prior to the issuance or re-issuance of the license or approval, the governing body of the county has by a majority vote approved of the docking of riverboats within such areas. (Source: P.A. 92-600, eff. 6-28-02; 93-28, eff. 6-20-03;

93-453, eff. 8-7-03; revised 1-27-04.)

- 1 (230 ILCS 10/7.6 new)
- 2 Sec. 7.6. Electronic gaming.
- 3 (a) The General Assembly finds that the horse racing and
- 4 <u>riverboat gambling industries share many similarities and</u>
- 5 collectively comprise the bulk of the State's gaming industry.
- One feature in common to both industries is that each is highly
- 7 regulated by the State of Illinois.
- 8 The General Assembly further finds, however, that despite
- 9 <u>their shared features each industry is distinct from the other</u>
- in that horse racing is and continues to be intimately tied to
- 11 <u>Illinois' agricultural economy and is, at its core, a spectator</u>
- 12 sport. This distinction requires the General Assembly to
- 13 <u>utilize different methods to regulate and promote the horse</u>
- 14 <u>racing industry throughout the State.</u>
- The General Assembly finds that in order to promote live
- 16 <u>horse racing as a spectator sport in Illinois and the</u>
- 17 <u>agricultural economy of this State, it is necessary to allow</u>
- 18 electronic gaming at Illinois race tracks as an ancillary use
- 19 given the success of other states in increasing live racing
- 20 purse accounts and improving the quality of horses
- 21 participating in horse race meetings.
- The General Assembly finds, however, that even though the
- 23 <u>authority to conduct electronic gaming is a uniform means to</u>
- 24 <u>improve live horse racing in this State</u>, electronic gaming must
- 25 <u>be regulated and implemented differently in southern Illinois</u>
- 26 <u>versus the Chicago area. The General Assembly finds that</u>
- 27 Fairmount Park is the only race track operating on a year round
- 28 <u>basis in southern Illinois that offers live racing and for that</u>
- 29 <u>matter only conducts live thoroughbred racing. The General</u>
- 30 Assembly finds that the current state of affairs deprives
- 31 <u>spectators and standardbred horsemen residing in southern</u>
- 32 <u>Illinois of the opportunity to participate in live standardbred</u>
- 33 <u>racing in a manner similar to spectators, thoroughbred</u>
- 34 horsemen, and standardbred horsemen residing in the Chicago
- 35 area. The General Assembly declares that southern Illinois
- 36 spectators and standardbred horsemen are entitled to have a

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

1 similar opportunity to participate in live standardbred racing 2 as spectators in the Chicago area. The General Assembly declares that in order to remove the disparity between southern 3 Illinois and the Chicago area, it is necessary for the State to 5 regulate Fairmount Park differently from horse race tracks found in the Chicago area and tie Fairmount Park's 6 authorization to conduct electronic gaming to a commitment to 7 8 conduct at least 100 days of standardbred racing as set forth

in subsection (d) of this Section.

The Illinois Gaming Board shall award one electronic gaming license to become effective on or after July 1, 2005 to each organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, subject to application and eligibility requirements of this Section. An electronic gaming license shall authorize its holder to conduct electronic gaming at its race track beginning at 9:00 AM on any day in which it conducts live racing at its race track or simulcast wagering on races run in the United States until 3:00 AM on the following day. A license to conduct electronic gaming and any renewal of an electronic gaming license shall authorize limited gaming for a period of 4 years.

(c) To be eligible to conduct electronic gaming, organization licensee must (i) obtain an electronic gaming license, (ii) hold an organization license under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, (iii) hold an inter-track wagering license, (iv) pay a fee of \$25,000 (\$12,500 in the case of an organization licensee that conducts pari-mutuel wagering at a race track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 inhabitants that borders on the Mississippi River and an organization licensee which is not located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 inhabitants that borders on the Mississippi River and which is not located in Cook County) for each gaming position it is authorized to use upon the commencement of electronic gaming by that licensee and an additional fee of \$25,000 (\$12,500 in the case of an organization licensee that conducts pari-mutuel wagering at a race track located in a county with a population in excess of

230,000 inhabitants that borders on the Mississippi River and an organization licensee which is not located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 inhabitants that borders on the Mississippi River and which is not located in Cook County) for each gaming position it is authorized to use no later than 12 months after the date it first conducts electronic gaming, (v) apply for at least the same number of days of thoroughbred racing or standardbred racing or both, as the case may be, as it was awarded in calendar year 2005, (vi) meet the marketing and promotion requirements as provided in Section 57 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, and (vii) meet all other requirements of this Act that apply to owners licensees.

With respect to the live racing requirement described in this subsection, an organization licensee must conduct the same number of days of thoroughbred or standardbred racing or both, as the case may be, as it was awarded by the Racing Board in calendar year 2005, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather or unsafe track conditions due to acts of God, (B) a strike between the organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horse at that organization licensee's racing meeting, or (C) an agreement between the organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's race meeting to conduct a lesser number of race meets.

(d) In addition to the other eliqibility requirements of subsection (c), an organization licensee that holds an electronic gaming license authorizing it to conduct electronic gaming at Fairmount Park must apply for and conduct at least 50 days of standardbred racing in calendar year 2006 and thereafter, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather or unsafe track conditions due to acts of God or (B) a strike between the organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners,

1.3

1	trainers,	jockeys,	or	standardbred	drivers	who	race	horses	at
2	that organ	nization l	ice	nsee's racing	meet.ing.				

- (e) The Board may approve electronic gaming licenses authorizing the conduct of electronic gaming by eligible organization licensees.
- (f) In calendar year 2005, the Board may approve up to 3,800 aggregate gambling participants statewide as provided in this Section. The authority to admit participants under this Section in calendar year 2005 shall be allocated as follows:
 - (1) An organization licensee that had an average daily amount of wagers placed into mutual pools for races conducted at that licensee's racetrack in calendar year 2002 of more than \$3,000,000 may admit up to 1,150 gaming participants at a time.
 - (2) An organization licensee that had an average daily amount of wagers placed into mutual pools for races conducted at that licensee's racetrack in calendar year 2002 of more than \$2,000,000 but no more than \$3,000,000 may admit up to 1,000 gaming participants at a time.
 - (3) An organization licensee that had an average daily amount of wagers placed into mutual pools for races conducted at that licensee's racetrack in calendar year 2002 of \$2,000,000 or less may admit up to 850 gaming participants at a time.
 - (4) An organization licensee conducting pari-mutuel wagering at a racetrack located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 inhabitants that borders on the Mississippi River may admit up to 500 gaming participants at a time.
 - (5) An organization licensee located at a race track outside of Cook County, other than an organization licensee described in paragraph (4), may admit up to 300 gaming participants at a time.
- (g) For each calendar year after 2005 in which an electronic gaming licensee requests a number of racing days under its organization license that is less than 90% of the

number of days of live racing it was awarded in 2005, the electronic gaming licensee may not conduct electronic gaming.

- (h) On the second anniversary of the issuance of an electronic gaming license, the Gaming Board shall review the average daily live on-track handle at the race track where the electronic gaming licensee's electronic gaming facility is located. If the average daily live on-track handle at that race track is lower than the average daily live on-track handle at that race track in calendar year 2005 by at least 10%, then the Board shall withdraw 10% of the gaming positions at that electronic gaming facility. If the average daily live on-track handle at that race track is higher than the average daily live on-track handle at the race track in calendar year 2005 by at least 10%, then the board shall allow that race track to operate up to 10% more additional electronic gaming positions, subject to the initial fees described in subsection (c) for each additional position allowed.
- (i) An electronic gaming licensee may conduct electronic gaming at a temporary facility pending the construction of a permanent facility or the remodeling of an existing facility to accommodate electronic gaming participants for up to 12 months after receiving an electronic gaming license. Upon request by an electronic gaming licensee and upon a showing of good cause by the electronic gaming licensee, the Board shall extend the period during which the licensee may conduct electronic gaming at a temporary facility by up to 12 months. The Board shall make rules concerning the conduct of electronic gaming from temporary facilities.

29 (230 ILCS 10/7.7 new)

Sec. 7.7. Home Rule. The regulation and licensing of electronic gaming and electronic gaming licensees are exclusive powers and functions of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate or license electronic gaming or electronic gaming licensees. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section

6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

- 2 (230 ILCS 10/8) (from Ch. 120, par. 2408)
- 3 Sec. 8. Suppliers licenses.
 - (a) The Board may issue a suppliers license to such persons, firms or corporations which apply therefor upon the payment of a non-refundable application fee set by the Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is eligible for a suppliers license and upon payment of a \$5,000 annual license fee.
 - (b) The holder of a suppliers license is authorized to sell or lease, and to contract to sell or lease, gambling equipment and supplies to any <u>owners</u> licensee involved in the ownership or management of <u>riverboat</u> gambling operations <u>and to any electronic gaming licensee involved in the ownership or management of an electronic gaming facility.</u>
 - (c) <u>Riverboat</u> gambling <u>and electronic gaming</u> supplies and equipment may not be distributed unless supplies and equipment conform to standards adopted by rules of the Board.
 - (d) A person, firm or corporation is ineligible to receive a suppliers license if:
 - (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
 - (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
 - (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act which contains false information;
 - (4) the person is a member of the Board;
 - (5) the firm or corporation is one in which a person defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4), is an officer, director or managerial employee;
 - (6) the firm or corporation employs a person who participates in the management or operation of riverboat gambling or in the management or operation of electronic gaming authorized under this Act;

2

3

4

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

- (7) the license of the person, firm or corporation issued under this Act, or a license to own or operate gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.
- 5 (e) Any person that supplies any equipment, devices, or 6 supplies to a licensed riverboat gambling operation 7 electronic gaming operation must first obtain a suppliers 8 license. A supplier shall furnish to the Board a list of all equipment, devices and supplies offered for sale or lease in 9 connection with gambling games authorized under this Act. A 10 11 supplier shall keep books and records for the furnishing of 12 equipment, devices and supplies to <u>riverboat</u> gambling <u>and</u> 13 electronic gaming operations separate and distinct from any other business that the supplier might operate. A supplier 14 15 shall file a quarterly return with the Board listing all sales 16 and leases. A supplier shall permanently affix its name to all 17 its equipment, devices, and supplies for <u>riverboat</u> gambling <u>and</u> electronic gaming operations. Any supplier's 18 equipment, 19 devices or supplies which are used by any person in an 20 unauthorized <u>riverboat</u> gambling <u>or electronic gaming</u> operation shall be forfeited to the State. A holder of an owners license 21 22 or an electronic gaming license licensed owner may own its own 23 equipment, devices and supplies. Each holder of an owners license or an electronic gaming license under the Act shall 24 25 file an annual report listing its inventories of gambling 26 equipment, devices and supplies.
 - (f) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (g) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided by any licensed supplier may either be repaired on the riverboat or electronic gaming facility or removed from the riverboat or electronic gaming facility to a an en-shore facility owned by the holder of an owners license or electronic gaming license for repair.
- 35 (Source: P.A. 86-1029; 87-826.)

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

- 1 (230 ILCS 10/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 2409)
- 2 Sec. 9. Occupational licenses.
 - (a) The Board may issue an occupational license to an applicant upon the payment of a non-refundable fee set by the Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is eligible for an occupational license and upon payment of an annual license fee in an amount to be established. To be eligible for an occupational license, an applicant must:
 - (1) be at least 21 years of age if the applicant will perform any function involved in gaming by patrons. Any applicant seeking an occupational license for a non-gaming function shall be at least 18 years of age;
 - (2) not have been convicted of a felony offense, a violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a similar statute of any other jurisdiction, or a crime involving dishonesty or moral turpitude;
 - (3) have demonstrated a level of skill or knowledge which the Board determines to be necessary in order to operate gambling aboard a riverboat or at an electronic gaming facility; and
 - met standards for the holding (4)have occupational license as adopted by rules of the Board. Such rules shall provide that any person or entity seeking an occupational license to manage gambling operations hereunder shall be subject to background inquiries and further requirements similar to those required applicants for an owners license. Furthermore, such rules shall provide that each such entity shall be permitted to manage gambling operations for only one licensed owner or an electronic gaming licensee.
 - (b) Each application for an occupational license shall be on forms prescribed by the Board and shall contain all information required by the Board. The applicant shall set forth in the application: whether he has been issued prior gambling related licenses; whether he has been licensed in any other state under any other name, and, if so, such name and his

- age; and whether or not a permit or license issued to him in any other state has been suspended, restricted or revoked, and, if so, for what period of time.
 - (c) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints. The Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the Department of State Police to defray the costs associated with the search and classification of fingerprints obtained by the Board with respect to the applicant's application. These fees shall be paid into the State Police Services Fund.
 - (d) The Board may in its discretion refuse an occupational license to any person: (1) who is unqualified to perform the duties required of such applicant; (2) who fails to disclose or states falsely any information called for in the application; (3) who has been found guilty of a violation of this Act or whose prior gambling related license or application therefor has been suspended, restricted, revoked or denied for just cause in any other state; or (4) for any other just cause.
 - (e) The Board may suspend, revoke or restrict any occupational licensee: (1) for violation of any provision of this Act; (2) for violation of any of the rules and regulations of the Board; (3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would have disqualified the applicant from receiving such license; or (4) for default in the payment of any obligation or debt due to the State of Illinois; or (5) for any other just cause.
 - (f) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (g) Any license issued pursuant to this Section shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance.
 - (h) Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to prohibit a licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee from entering into an agreement with a school approved under the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act for the training of any occupational licensee. Any training offered by such a school shall be in accordance with a written agreement between the licensed owner

- 1 <u>or electronic gaming licensee</u> and the school.
- 2 (i) Any training provided for occupational licensees may be
- 3 conducted either at the site of the gambling facility on the
- 4 riverboat or at a school with which a licensed owner or
- 5 <u>electronic gaming licensee</u> has entered into an agreement
- 6 pursuant to subsection (h).
- 7 (Source: P.A. 86-1029; 87-826.)
- 8 (230 ILCS 10/11) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411)
- 9 Sec. 11. Conduct of gambling. Gambling may be conducted by
- 10 licensed owners or licensed managers on behalf of the State
- 11 aboard riverboats. Notwithstanding any provision in subsection
- 12 (c) of Section 3 to the contrary, if authorized by the Board by
- rule, an owners licensee may move a number of its slot machines
- that is no greater than 15% of the number of its total gaming
- 15 <u>positions from its riverboats to its home dock facility and use</u>
- those slot machines to conduct gambling, provided that the slot
- 17 <u>machines are located in an area that is accessible only to</u>
- persons who are at least 21 years of age and provided that the
- 19 <u>admission tax imposed under Section 12 has been paid for all</u>
- 20 persons who use those slot machines. Gambling may be conducted
- 21 by electronic gaming licensees at limited gaming facilities.
- 22 Gambling authorized under this Section shall be $_{7}$ subject to the
- 23 following standards:
- 24 (1) A licensee may conduct riverboat gambling
- 25 authorized under this Act regardless of whether it conducts
- 26 excursion cruises. A licensee may permit the continuous
- 27 ingress and egress of passengers for the purpose of
- gambling.
- 29 (2) (Blank).
- 30 (3) Minimum and maximum wagers on games shall be set by
- 31 the licensee.
- 32 (4) Agents of the Board and the Department of State
- Police may board and inspect any riverboat <u>or enter and</u>
- inspect any portion of an electronic gaming facility where
- 35 <u>electronic gaming is conducted</u> at any time for the purpose

of determining whether this Act is being complied with.

Every riverboat, if under way and being hailed by a law
enforcement officer or agent of the Board, must stop
immediately and lay to.

- (5) Employees of the Board shall have the right to be present on the riverboat or on adjacent facilities under the control of the licensee and at the electronic gaming facility under the control of the electronic gaming licensee.
- (6) Gambling equipment and supplies customarily used in conducting riverboat gambling or electronic gaming must be purchased or leased only from suppliers licensed for such purpose under this Act.
- (7) Persons licensed under this Act shall permit no form of wagering on gambling games except as permitted by this Act.
- (8) Wagers may be received only from a person present on a licensed riverboat or at an electronic gaming facility. No person present on a licensed riverboat or at an electronic gaming facility shall place or attempt to place a wager on behalf of another person who is not present on the riverboat or at the electronic gaming facility.
- (9) Wagering, including electronic gaming, shall not be conducted with money or other negotiable currency.
- (10) A person under age 21 shall not be permitted on an area of a riverboat where gambling is being conducted or at an electronic gaming facility where gambling is being conducted, except for a person at least 18 years of age who is an employee of the riverboat gambling operation or electronic gaming operation. No employee under age 21 shall perform any function involved in gambling by the patrons. No person under age 21 shall be permitted to make a wager under this Act.
- (11) Gambling excursion cruises are permitted only when the waterway for which the riverboat is licensed is

navigable, as determined by the Board in consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. This paragraph (11) does not limit the ability of a licensee to conduct gambling authorized under this Act when gambling excursion cruises are not permitted.

- (12) All tokens, chips or electronic cards used to make wagers must be purchased (i) from a licensed owner or manager, in the case of a riverboat, either aboard the a riverboat or at an onshore facility which has been approved by the Board and which is located where the riverboat docks or (ii) from an electronic gaming licensee at the electronic gaming facility. The tokens, chips electronic cards may be purchased by means of an agreement under which the owner or manager extends credit to the patron. Such tokens, chips or electronic cards may be used while aboard the riverboat or at the electronic gaming facility only for the purpose of making wagers on gambling games.
- (13) Notwithstanding any other Section of this Act, in addition to the other licenses authorized under this Act, the Board may issue special event licenses allowing persons who are not otherwise licensed to conduct riverboat gambling to conduct such gambling on a specified date or series of dates. Riverboat gambling under such a license may take place on a riverboat not normally used for riverboat gambling. The Board shall establish standards, fees and fines for, and limitations upon, such licenses, which may differ from the standards, fees, fines and limitations otherwise applicable under this Act. All such fees shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund. All such fines shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois.
- (14) In addition to the above, gambling must be conducted in accordance with all rules adopted by the Board.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

1 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)

2 (230 ILCS 10/11.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411.1)

Sec. 11.1. Collection of amounts owing under credit agreements. Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to the contrary, a licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee or manager who extends credit to a riverboat gambling patron pursuant to Section 11 (a) (12) of this Act is expressly authorized to institute a cause of action to collect any amounts due and owing under the extension of credit, as well as the owner's or manager's costs, expenses and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in collection.

12 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)

13 (230 ILCS 10/12) (from Ch. 120, par. 2412)

14 Sec. 12. Admission tax; fees.

(a) A tax is hereby imposed upon admissions to riverboats operated by licensed owners authorized pursuant to this Act. Until July 1, 2002, the rate is \$2 per person admitted. From July 1, 2002 and until July 1, 2003, the rate is \$3 per person admitted. From Beginning July 1, 2003 until the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, for a licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$3 per person admitted; for a licensee that admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per person admitted; and for a licensee that admitted more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5 per person admitted. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the rate is \$2 per person for the first 1,500,000 persons admitted by a licensee per year and \$3 per person for all persons admitted by that licensee in excess of 1,500,00 per year. Beginning July 1, 2003, for a licensee that admitted 2,300,000 persons or fewer the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per admitted and for a licensee that admitted more than 2,300,000

1.3

persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5 per person admitted. This admission tax is imposed upon the licensed owner conducting gambling.

- (1) The admission tax shall be paid for each admission, except that a person who exits a riverboat gambling facility and reenters that riverboat gambling facility within a reasonable time, as determined by the Board by rule, shall be subject only to the initial admission tax..
 - (2) (Blank).
- (3) The riverboat licensee may issue tax-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the licensee or other persons actually working on the riverboat.
- (4) The number and issuance of tax-free passes is subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.
- (a-5) A fee is hereby imposed upon admissions operated by licensed managers on behalf of the State pursuant to Section 7.3 at the rates provided in this subsection (a-5). For a licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$3 per person admitted; for a licensee that admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per person admitted; and for a licensee that admitted more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5 per person admitted.
 - (1) The admission fee shall be paid for each admission.
 - (2) (Blank).
 - (3) The licensed manager may issue fee-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the manager or other persons actually working on the riverboat.
 - (4) The number and issuance of fee-free passes is subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the fee-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- (b) From the tax imposed under subsection (a) and the fee imposed under subsection (a-5), a municipality shall receive from the State \$1 for each person embarking on a riverboat docked within the municipality, and a county shall receive \$1 for each person embarking on a riverboat docked within the county but outside the boundaries of any municipality. The municipality's or county's share shall be collected by the Board on behalf of the State and remitted quarterly by the State, subject to appropriation, to the treasurer of the unit of local government for deposit in the general fund.
- (c) The licensed owner shall pay the entire admission tax to the Board and the licensed manager shall pay the entire admission fee to the Board. Such payments shall be made daily. Accompanying each payment shall be a return on forms provided by the Board which shall include other information regarding admissions as the Board may require. Failure to submit either the payment or the return within the specified time may result in suspension or revocation of the owners or managers license.
- (d) The Board shall administer and collect the admission tax imposed by this Section, to the extent practicable, in a manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9 and 10 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 92-595, eff. 6-28-02; 93-27, eff. 6-20-03; 93-28, eff. 6-20-03; revised 8-1-03.)
- 27 (230 ILCS 10/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 2413)
- Sec. 13. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.
- 29 (a) Until January 1, 1998, a tax is imposed on the adjusted 30 gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under 31 this Act at the rate of 20%.
- 32 (a-1) From January 1, 1998 until July 1, 2002, a privilege 33 tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting 34 riverboat gambling operations, based on the adjusted gross 35 receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games

35

- 1 authorized under this Act at the following rates: 2 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000; 3 20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 4 5 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000; 25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 6 \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000; 7 30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000; 9 35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 10 \$100,000,000. 11 12 (a-2) From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, a privilege tax 13 is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers 14 15 conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a 16 17 licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates: 18 19 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to including \$25,000,000; 20 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 21 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000; 22 23 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000; 24 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 25 \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000; 26 27 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000; 28 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 29 30 \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000; 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 31 32 \$200,000,000. 33
 - (a-3) Beginning July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on

- 1 the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from
- 2 gambling games authorized under this Act at the following
- 3 rates:
- 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and 4 5
- including \$25,000,000;
- 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 6
- \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$37,500,000; 7
- 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 8
- \$37,500,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000; 9
- 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 10
- \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000; 11
- 12 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000; 13
- 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 14
- \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$250,000,000; 15
- 16 70% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 17 \$250,000,000.

34

- An amount equal to the amount of wagering taxes collected 18
- 19 under this subsection (a-3) that are in addition to the amount
- 20 of wagering taxes that would have been collected if the
- wagering tax rates under subsection (a-2) were in effect shall 21
- 22 be paid into the Common School Fund.
- 23 The privilege tax imposed under this subsection (a-3) shall
- no longer be imposed beginning on the <u>earliest</u> earlier of (i) 24
- July 1, 2005; (ii) the first date after June 20, 2003 the 25
- effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General 26
- 27 Assembly that riverboat gambling operations are conducted
- 28 pursuant to a dormant license; or (iii) the first day that
- riverboat gambling operations are conducted 29
- 30 authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10
- 31 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act or (iv) the
- effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General
- Assembly. For the purposes of this subsection (a-3), the term 33

"dormant license" means an owners license that is authorized by

- 35 this Act under which no riverboat gambling operations are being
- conducted on June 20, 2003 the effective date of 36

36

amandatarr	7 ~+	\circ f	+ho	0324	Conoral	7 c c omb l 17
amenda cor y	7700	Γ	CIIC	JJIU	OCITCIAL	TIDDCINDITY.

2	(a-4) Beginning on the first day on which the tax imposed
3	under subsection $(a-3)$ is no longer imposed, a privilege tax is
4	imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
5	riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers
6	conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the
7	State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a
8	licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this $\mathtt{Act}_{m{L}}$
9	and on persons conducting electronic gaming, based on the
10	adjusted gross receipts received by an electronic gaming
11	licensee from electronic gaming minus an amount equal to the
12	amount of the payments required by subsections (b) and (c) of
13	Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 from the
14	total annual adjusted gross receipts received by the electronic
15	gaming licensee, at the following rates:
16	15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
17	<u>including \$25,000,000;</u>
18	20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
19	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
20	25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
21	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
22	30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
23	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
24	35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
25	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$400,000,000;
26	40% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
27	\$400,000,000 but not exceeding \$450,000,000;
28	45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
29	\$450,000,000 but not exceeding \$500,000,000;
30	50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
31	\$500,000,000 <u>.</u>
32	For the purpose of calculating the privilege tax under this
33	subsection (a-4), the annual adjusted gross receipts of an
34	owners licensee for any year shall be reduced by an amount
35	equal to the amount of any payment made by the owners licensee

in that year to (i) an Illinois not-for-profit organization,

1	pursuant to an agreement, funded solely by a licensed owner for
2	the primary benefit of educational, economic development, or
3	environmental programs within this State or (ii) a county
4	government, pursuant to an agreement between a licensed owner
5	and a county government. In no event shall a reduction in the
6	wagering tax imposed under this Section reduce the taxes owed
7	by a licensee under this Section to less than zero.
8	15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
9	including \$25,000,000;
10	22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
11	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
12	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
13	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
14	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
15	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
16	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
17	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
18	45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
19	\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
20	50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
21	\$200,000,000.
22	(a-8) Riverboat gambling operations conducted by a
23	licensed manager on behalf of the State are not subject to the
24	tax imposed under this Section.
25	(a-10) The taxes imposed by this Section shall be paid by
26	the licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee to the Board
27	not later than 3:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day when
28	the wagers were made.
29	(b) Until January 1, 1998, 25% of the tax revenue deposited
30	in the State Gaming Fund under this Section shall be paid,
31	subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit
32	of local government which is designated as the home dock of the
33	riverboat. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (b),
34	beginning Beginning January 1, 1998, from the tax revenue from
35	riverboat gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund under
36	this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts

generated by a riverboat, other than adjusted gross receipts generated by riverboat gambling operations authorized under subsection (e-10) of Section 7, shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat. From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund pursuant to riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated pursuant to those riverboat gambling operations shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat upon which those riverboat gambling operations are conducted.

For calendar year 2006 and each year thereafter, if the adjusted gross receipts of a riverboat from riverboat gambling are greater than they were in calendar year 2003, the amount paid to the unit of local government under this subsection (b) shall not exceed that amount paid in calendar year 2003. For calendar year 2006 and each year thereafter, if the adjusted gross receipts of a riverboat from riverboat gambling are greater than they were in calendar year 2003, then the difference between 5% of those adjusted gross receipts and the amount paid under this subsection (b) to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat in calendar year 2003 shall be paid as follows:

25% shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the county in which the licensee's home dock is located; and

75% shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, into the Local Government Riverboat Gaming Distributive Fund pursuant to Section 13.3.

(b-5) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory

Act of the 94th General Assembly, after the payments required

under subsection (b) have been made, from the tax revenue from

electronic gaming deposited into the State Gaming Fund under

this Section, an amount equal to 1% of the adjusted gross

receipts generated by each electronic gaming licensee shall be

paid monthly, subject to appropriation, to the municipality in

which the electronic gaming facility is located. If an

electronic gaming facility is not located within a

municipality, then an amount equal to 1% of the adjusted gross

receipts generated by the electronic gaming licensee shall be

paid monthly, subject to appropriation, to the county in which

the electronic gaming facility is located.

(b-10) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory

Act of the 94th General Assembly, after the payments required

under subsections (b) and (b-5) have been made, from the tax

revenue deposited into the State Gaming Fund under this

Section, \$25,000,000 shall be paid each year, in equal monthly

installments, subject to appropriation, into the Intercity

Development Fund.

(b-15) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory

Act of the 94th General Assembly, after the payments required

under subsections (b), (b-5), and (b-10) have been made, the

first \$5,000,000 of tax revenue derived from electronic gaming

shall be paid to the Board and distributed by the Board to the

Department of Human Services to be used for compulsive gambling

programs.

Act of the 94th General Assembly, from the tax revenue deposited into the State Gaming Fund under this Section, payments shall be made, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as provided in this subsection (b-20).

An amount equal to 3% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat authorized under subsection (e-10) of Section 7 shall be paid to the municipality in which the riverboat docks and to any other municipalities or townships that enter into an intergovernmental agreement with the municipality in which the riverboat docks to share that revenue and shall be divided according to the terms of that intergovernmental agreement.

An amount equal to 0.5% of the adjusted gross receipts

generated by a riverboat authorized under subsection (e-10) of Section 7 shall be divided equally and paid to the townships

3 <u>enumerated in subsection (e-10) of Section 7.</u>

An amount equal to 1% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat authorized under subsection (e-10) of Section 7 shall be divided among the school districts in the townships enumerated in subsection (e-10) of Section 7 in inverse proportion to the per-student expenditures of each of those school districts.

An amount equal to 0.5% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat authorized under subsection (e-10) of Section 7 shall be paid into the South Suburban Assistance Fund, which is hereby created in the State Treasury. The South Suburban Assistance Fund shall be administered by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and moneys in the Fund shall be used to aid economically distressed communities in the townships enumerated in subsection (e-10) of Section 7.

- (c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, may be made from the State Gaming Fund to the Department of Revenue and the Department of State Police for the administration and enforcement of this Act, or to the Department of Human Services for the administration of programs to treat problem gambling.
- (c-5) (Blank). After the payments required under subsections (b) and (c) have been made, an amount equal to 15% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners license conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.2, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund into the Horse Racing Equity Fund.
- (c-10) (Blank). Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education

Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid into the Horse Racing Equity Fund pursuant to subsection (c-5) in the prior calendar year.

(c-15) After the payments required under subsections (b), (b-5), (b-10), (b-15), and (c), and (c-5) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, other than a licensee that receives an owners license under subsection (e-5) or (e-10) of Section 7_L (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, other than a licensee that receives an owners license under subsection (e-5) or (e-10) of Section 7_{L} or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3 7.2, other than a licensee that receives an owners license under subsection (e-5) or (e-10) of Section 7, whichever comes first, shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.

(c-20) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants pursuant to subsection (c-15) in the prior calendar year.

(c-25) After the payments required under subsections (b), (b-5), (b-10), (b-15), (c), (c 5) and (c-15) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee license that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, other than a licensee that receives an owners license under subsection (e-5) or (e-10) of Section 7, (2) an owners licensee licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, other than a licensee that receives an owners license under subsection (e-5) or (e-10) of Section 7, or (3)

- 1 the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed
- 2 manager on behalf of the State under Section $\frac{7.3}{7.2}$, other
- 3 than a licensee that receives an owners license under
- 4 <u>subsection (e-5) or (e-10) of Section 7,</u> whichever comes first,
- 5 shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund to Chicago State
- 6 University.
- 7 (d) From time to time, the Board shall transfer the
- 8 remainder of the funds generated by this Act into the Education
- 9 Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of
- 10 Illinois.
- 11 (e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the unit of local
- 12 government designated as the home dock of the riverboat from
- 13 entering into agreements with other units of local government
- 14 in this State or in other states to share its portion of the
- 15 tax revenue.
- 16 (f) To the extent practicable, the Board shall administer
- 17 and collect the wagering taxes imposed by this Section in a
- manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b,
- 19 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of the
- 20 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform
- 21 Penalty and Interest Act.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 92-595, eff. 6-28-02; 93-27, eff. 6-20-03; 93-28,
- 23 eff. 6-20-03; revised 1-28-04.)
- 24 (230 ILCS 10/13.2 new)
- Sec. 13.2. Licensee assessment. All owners licensees
- 26 <u>licensed to conduct riverboat gambling operations on the</u>
- 27 <u>effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General</u>
- 28 Assembly shall be required to pay an aggregate amount of
- 29 \$130,000,000 to the Gaming Board by July 1, 2006. The Board
- 30 <u>shall deposit all moneys received under this Section into the</u>
- 31 <u>State Gaming Fund. Each owners licensee shall pay a pro rata</u>
- 32 <u>share based on its adjusted gross receipts from calendar year</u>
- 33 2002 as determined by the Board.

in this Section.

- Sec. 13.3. Revenue sharing; Local Government Riverboat

 Gaming Distributive Fund.
- (a) Beginning July 1, 2006, as soon as may be after the
 first day of each month, the Board shall certify to the
 Treasurer the amount deposited during the preceding month into
 the Local Government Riverboat Gaming Distributive Fund, which
 is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury. The
 Department of Revenue shall administer the Fund and allocate
 moneys from the Fund to the counties of this State as provided
- 11 (b) As soon as may be after the first day of each month, 12 the Department of Revenue shall allocate among the counties of this State the moneys contained in the Local Government 13 Riverboat Gaming Distributive Fund. The Department shall 14 certify the allocations to the State Comptroller, who shall pay 15 16 over to each county the respective amounts allocated to them. The amount of such funds allocable to each county shall be in 17 proportion to the number of individual residents of the county 18 19 to the total population of all counties as determined by the 20 latest federal census of the county.
- 21 (c) The amounts allocated and paid to a county pursuant to
 22 the provisions of this Section may be used for any general
 23 corporate purpose authorized for that county.
- 24 (230 ILCS 10/14) (from Ch. 120, par. 2414)
- Sec. 14. Licensees Records Reports Supervision.
- 26 (a) A Licensed <u>owners and electronic gaming licensees</u> owner
 27 shall keep <u>their</u> his books and records so as to clearly show
 28 the following:
- 29 (1) The amount received daily from admission fees.
- 30 (2) The total amount of gross receipts.
- 31 (3) The total amount of the adjusted gross receipts.
- 32 (b) The Licensed owners and electronic gaming licensees
 33 owner shall furnish to the Board reports and information as the
 34 Board may require with respect to its activities on forms
 35 designed and supplied for such purpose by the Board.

- 1 (c) The books and records kept by a licensed owner $\underline{\text{or}}$
- 2 electronic gaming licensee as provided by this Section are
- 3 public records and the examination, publication, and
- 4 dissemination of the books and records are governed by the
- 5 provisions of The Freedom of Information Act.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)
- 7 (230 ILCS 10/18) (from Ch. 120, par. 2418)
- 8 Sec. 18. Prohibited Activities Penalty.
- 9 (a) A person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for doing any of the following:
- 11 (1) Conducting gambling where wagering is used or to be 12 used without a license issued by the Board.
- 13 (2) Conducting gambling where wagering is permitted 14 other than in the manner specified by Section 11.
- (b) A person is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor for doing any of the following:
- 17 (1) permitting a person under 21 years to make a wager; 18 or
- 19 (2) violating paragraph (12) of subsection (a) of 20 Section 11 of this Act.
- (c) A person wagering or accepting a wager at any location outside the riverboat or electronic gaming facility in violation of paragraph is subject to the penalties in paragraphs (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of Section 28-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is subject to the penalties provided in
- 26 <u>that Section</u>.
- 27 (d) A person commits a Class 4 felony and, in addition,
 28 shall be barred for life from <u>gambling operations</u> riverboats
 29 under the jurisdiction of the Board, if the person does any of
 30 the following:
- 31 (1) Offers, promises, or gives anything of value or
 32 benefit to a person who is connected with a riverboat owner
 33 <u>or electronic gaming licensee</u> including, but not limited
 34 to, an officer or employee of a licensed owner <u>or</u>
 35 <u>electronic gaming licensee</u> or holder of an occupational

1.3

license pursuant to an agreement or arrangement or with the intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the actions of the person to whom the offer, promise, or gift was made in order to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game, or to influence official action of a member of the Board.

- (2) Solicits or knowingly accepts or receives a promise of anything of value or benefit while the person is connected with a riverboat or electronic gaming facility, including, but not limited to, an officer or employee of a licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee, or the holder of an occupational license, pursuant to an understanding or arrangement or with the intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the actions of the person to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game, or to influence official action of a member of the Board.
- (3) Uses or possesses with the intent to use a device to assist:
 - (i) In projecting the outcome of the game.
 - (ii) In keeping track of the cards played.
 - (iii) In analyzing the probability of the occurrence of an event relating to the gambling game.
 - (iv) In analyzing the strategy for playing or betting to be used in the game except as permitted by the Board.
 - (4) Cheats at a gambling game.
- (5) Manufactures, sells, or distributes any cards, chips, dice, game or device which is intended to be used to violate any provision of this Act.
- (6) Alters or misrepresents the outcome of a gambling game on which wagers have been made after the outcome is made sure but before it is revealed to the players.
- (7) Places a bet after acquiring knowledge, not available to all players, of the outcome of the gambling game which is subject of the bet or to aid a person in

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

acquiring the knowledge for the purpose of placing a bet contingent on that outcome.

- (8) Claims, collects, or takes, or attempts to claim, collect, or take, money or anything of value in or from the gambling games, with intent to defraud, without having made a wager contingent on winning a gambling game, or claims, collects, or takes an amount of money or thing of value of greater value than the amount won.
- (9) Uses counterfeit chips or tokens in a gambling game.
- (10) Possesses any key or device designed for the purpose of opening, entering, or affecting the operation of a gambling game, drop box, or an electronic or mechanical device connected with the gambling game or for removing coins, tokens, chips or other contents of a gambling game. This paragraph (10) does not apply to a gambling licensee or employee of a gambling licensee acting in furtherance of the employee's employment.
- (e) The possession of more than one of the devices described in subsection (d), paragraphs (3), (5) or (10) permits a rebuttable presumption that the possessor intended to use the devices for cheating.
- An action to prosecute any crime occurring on a riverboat shall be tried in the county of the dock at which the riverboat is based.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)

27 (230 ILCS 10/19) (from Ch. 120, par. 2419)

28 Sec. 19. Forfeiture of property. (a) Except as provided in 29 subsection (b), any riverboat or electronic gaming facility 30 used for the conduct of gambling games in violation of this Act 31 shall be considered a gambling place in violation of Section 28-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as now or hereafter amended. 32 33 Every gambling device found on a riverboat or at an electronic gaming facility operating gambling games in violation of this 34 Act and every slot machine found at an electronic gaming 35

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- facility operating gambling games in violation of this Act

 shall be subject to seizure, confiscation and destruction as

 provided in Section 28-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as now

 or hereafter amended.
 - (b) It is not a violation of this Act for a riverboat or other watercraft which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous state to dock on the shores of this State if the municipality having jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while it is docked on the shores of this State. No gambling device shall be subject to seizure, confiscation or destruction if the gambling device is located on a riverboat or other watercraft which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous state and which is docked on the shores of this State if the municipality having jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while it is docked on the shores of this State.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)
- 21 (230 ILCS 10/20) (from Ch. 120, par. 2420)
- 22 Sec. 20. Prohibited activities - civil penalties. Any 23 person who conducts a gambling operation without first obtaining a license to do so, or who continues to conduct such 24 25 games after revocation of his license, or any licensee who 26 conducts or allows to be conducted any unauthorized gambling 27 games on a riverboat or at an electronic gaming facility where it is authorized to conduct its riverboat gambling operation, 28 29 in addition to other penalties provided, shall be subject to a 30 civil penalty equal to the amount of gross receipts derived 31 from wagering on the gambling games, whether unauthorized or authorized, conducted on that day as well as confiscation and 32 forfeiture of all gambling game equipment used in the conduct 33 of unauthorized gambling games. 34
- 35 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)

Section 85. The Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act is amended by changing Sections 1.1, 4, and 5 as follows:

3 (230 ILCS 20/1.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 1051.1)

Sec. 1.1. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Pull tabs" and "jar games" means a game using single-folded or banded tickets or a card, the face of which is initially covered or otherwise hidden from view in order to conceal a number, symbol or set of symbols, some of which are winners. Players with winning tickets receive a prize stated on a promotional display or "flare". Pull tabs also means a game in which prizes are won by pulling a tab from a board thereby revealing a number which corresponds to the number for a given prize.

Except in the case of bingo event games, each winning pull tab or slip shall be predetermined. The right to participate in such games shall not cost more than \$2. Except for prizes awarded as part of a progressive game, no single prize shall exceed \$500. There shall be no more than 6,000 tickets in a game.

"Pull tabs and jar games", as used in this Act, does not include the following: numbers, policy, bolita or similar games, dice, slot machines, bookmaking and wagering pools with respect to a sporting event, or that game commonly known as punch boards, or any other game or activity not expressly defined in this Section.

"Organization" means a corporation, agency, partnership, association, firm or other entity consisting of 2 or more persons joined by a common interest or purpose.

"Non-profit organization" means an organization or institution organized and conducted on a not-for-profit basis with no personal profit inuring to anyone as a result of the operation.

"Charitable organization" means an organization or institution organized and operated to benefit an indefinite

number of the public.

"Educational organization" means an organization or institution organized and operated to provide systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by methods common to schools and institutions of learning which compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools.

"Religious organization" means any church, congregation, society, or organization founded for the purpose of religious worship.

"Fraternal organization" means an organization of persons, including but not limited to ethnic organizations, having a common interest, organized and operated exclusively to promote the welfare of its members and to benefit the general public on a continuing and consistent basis.

"Veterans' organization" means an organization comprised of members of which substantially all are individuals who are veterans or spouses, widows, or widowers of veterans, the primary purpose of which is to promote the welfare of its members and to provide assistance to the general public in such a way as to confer a public benefit.

"Labor organization" means an organization composed of labor unions or workers organized with the objective of betterment of the conditions of those engaged in such pursuit and the development of a higher degree of efficiency in their respective occupations.

"Youth athletic organization" means an organization having as its exclusive purpose the promotion and provision of athletic activities for youth aged 18 and under.

"Senior citizens organization" means an organization or association comprised of members of which substantially all are individuals who are senior citizens, as defined in the Illinois Act on the Aging, the primary purpose of which is to promote the welfare of its members.

"Progressive game" means a pull tab game that has a portion of its predetermined prize payout designated to a progressive

- 1 jackpot that, if not won, is carried forward and added to the
- jackpot of subsequent games until won.
- 3 "Bingo event game" means a pull tab game played with pull
- 4 <u>tab tickets where the winner has not been designated in advance</u>
- 5 by the manufacturer, but is determined by chance.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 90-536, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 7 (230 ILCS 20/4) (from Ch. 120, par. 1054)
- 8 Sec. 4. The conducting of pull tabs and jar games is 9 subject to the following restrictions:
- 10 (1) The entire net proceeds of any pull tabs or jar games,
 11 except as otherwise approved in this Act, must be exclusively
 12 devoted to the lawful purposes of the organization permitted to
- 13 conduct such drawings.

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

- 14 (2) No person except a bona fide member or employee of the 15 sponsoring organization may participate in the management or 16 operation of such pull tabs or jar games; however, nothing 17 herein shall conflict with pull tabs and jar games conducted 18 under the provisions of the Charitable Games Act.
 - (3) No person may receive any remuneration or profit for participating in the management or operation of such pull tabs or jar games; however, nothing herein shall conflict with pull tabs and jar games conducted under the provisions of the Charitable Games Act.
 - (4) The price paid for a single chance or right to participate in a game licensed under this Act shall not exceed \$2. The aggregate value of all prizes or merchandise awarded in any single day of pull tabs and jar games shall not exceed \$5,000, except that in adjoining counties having 200,000 to 275,000 inhabitants each, and in counties which are adjacent to either of such adjoining counties and are adjacent to total of not more than 2 counties in this State, the value of all prizes or merchandise awarded may not exceed \$5,000 in a single day.
 - (5) No person under the age of 18 years shall play or participate in games under this Act. A person under the age of 18 years may be within the area where pull tabs and jar games

- are being conducted only when accompanied by his parent or quardian.
- 3 (6) Pull tabs and jar games shall be conducted only on 4 premises owned or occupied by licensed organizations and used 5 by its members for general activities, or on premises owned or 6 rented for conducting the game of bingo, or as permitted in 7 subsection (4) of Section 3.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 90-536, eff. 1-1-98; 90-808, eff. 12-1-98.)
- 9 (230 ILCS 20/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 1055)
 - Sec. 5. There shall be paid to the Department of Revenue 5% of the gross proceeds of any pull tabs and jar games conducted under this Act. Such payments shall be made 4 times per year, between the first and the 20th day of April, July, October and January. Payment must be made by money order or certified check. Accompanying each payment shall be a report, on forms provided by the Department of Revenue, listing the number of drawings conducted, the gross income derived therefrom and such other information as the Department of Revenue may require. Failure to submit either the payment or the report within the specified time shall result in automatic revocation of the license. All payments made to the Department of Revenue under this Act shall be deposited as follows:
 - (a) 50% shall be deposited in the Common School Fund; and
 - (b) 50% shall be deposited in the Illinois Gaming Law Enforcement Fund. Of the monies deposited in the Illinois Gaming Law Enforcement Fund under this Section, the General Assembly shall appropriate two-thirds to the Department of Revenue, Department of State Police and the Office of the Attorney General for State law enforcement purposes, and one-third shall be appropriated to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of distribution in the form of grants to counties or municipalities for law enforcement purposes. The amounts of grants to counties or municipalities shall bear the same ratio as the number of licenses issued in counties or municipalities bears to the total number of licenses issued in

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

the State. In computing the number of licenses issued in a county, licenses issued for locations within a municipality's boundaries shall be excluded.

The Department of Revenue shall license suppliers and manufacturers of pull tabs and jar games at an annual fee of \$5,000. Suppliers and manufacturers shall meet requirements and qualifications established by rule by the Department. Licensed manufacturers shall sell pull tabs and jar games only to licensed suppliers. Licensed suppliers shall buy pull tabs and jar games only from licensed manufacturers and shall sell pull tabs and jar games only to licensed organizations. Licensed organizations shall buy pull tabs and jar games only from licensed suppliers.

The Department of Revenue shall adopt by rule minimum quality production standards for pull tabs and jar games. In determining such standards, the Department shall consider the standards adopted by the National Association of Gambling the National Regulatory Agencies and Association Fundraising Ticket Manufacturers. Such standards shall include the name of the supplier which shall appear in plain view to the casual observer on the face side of each pull tab ticket and on each jar game ticket. The pull tab ticket shall contain the name of the game, the selling price of the ticket, the amount of the prize and the serial number of the ticket. The back side of a pull tab ticket shall contain a series of perforated tabs marked "open here". The logo of manufacturer shall be clearly visible on each jar game ticket.

The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules necessary to provide for the proper accounting and control of activities under this Act, to ensure that the proper taxes are paid, that the proceeds from the activities under this Act are used lawfully, and to prevent illegal activity associated with the use of pull tabs and jar games.

The provisions of Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation

Tax Act pertaining to the furnishing of a bond or other

security are incorporated by reference into this Act and are

1 applicable to licensees under this Act as a precondition of 2 obtaining a license under this Act. The provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 3 9, 10, 11 and 12 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and 4 5 Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, which are 6 not inconsistent with this Act shall apply, as practicable, to the subject matter of this Act to the same 7 extent as if such provisions were included in this Act. For the 8 9 purposes of this Act, references in such incorporated Sections of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act to retailers, sellers or 10 11 persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal 12 property means persons engaged in conducting pull tabs and jar games and references in such incorporated Sections of the 13 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act to sales of tangible personal 14 property mean the conducting of pull tabs and jar games and the 15 16 making of charges for participating in such drawings.

17 (Source: P.A. 87-205; 87-895.)

Section 90. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Sections 28-1, 28-5, and 28-7 as follows:

- 20 (720 ILCS 5/28-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1)
- 21 Sec. 28-1. Gambling.

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

- 22 (a) A person commits gambling when he:
 - (1) Plays a game of chance or skill for money or other thing of value, unless excepted in subsection (b) of this Section; or
 - (2) Makes a wager upon the result of any game, contest, or any political nomination, appointment or election; or
 - (3) Operates, keeps, owns, uses, purchases, exhibits, rents, sells, bargains for the sale or lease of, manufactures or distributes any gambling device; or
 - (4) Contracts to have or give himself or another the option to buy or sell, or contracts to buy or sell, at a future time, any grain or other commodity whatsoever, or any stock or security of any company, where it is at the

time of making such contract intended by both parties thereto that the contract to buy or sell, or the option, whenever exercised, or the contract resulting therefrom, shall be settled, not by the receipt or delivery of such property, but by the payment only of differences in prices thereof; however, the issuance, purchase, sale, exercise, endorsement or guarantee, by or through a person registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or by or through a person exempt from such registration under said Section 8, of a put, call, or other option to buy or sell securities which have been registered with the Secretary of State or which are exempt from such registration under Section 3 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 is not gambling within the meaning of this paragraph (4); or

- (5) Knowingly owns or possesses any book, instrument or apparatus by means of which bets or wagers have been, or are, recorded or registered, or knowingly possesses any money which he has received in the course of a bet or wager; or
- (6) Sells pools upon the result of any game or contest of skill or chance, political nomination, appointment or election; or
- (7) Sets up or promotes any lottery or sells, offers to sell or transfers any ticket or share for any lottery; or
- (8) Sets up or promotes any policy game or sells, offers to sell or knowingly possesses or transfers any policy ticket, slip, record, document or other similar device; or
- (9) Knowingly drafts, prints or publishes any lottery ticket or share, or any policy ticket, slip, record, document or similar device, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state or foreign government; or
 - (10) Knowingly advertises any lottery or policy game,

except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state; or

- (11) Knowingly transmits information as to wagers, betting odds, or changes in betting odds by telephone, telegraph, radio, semaphore or similar means; or knowingly installs or maintains equipment for the transmission or receipt of such information; except that nothing in this subdivision (11) prohibits transmission or receipt of such information for use in news reporting of sporting events or contests; or
- (12) Knowingly establishes, maintains, or operates an Internet site that permits a person to play a game of chance or skill for money or other thing of value by means of the Internet or to make a wager upon the result of any game, contest, political nomination, appointment, or election by means of the Internet.
- (b) Participants in any of the following activities shall not be convicted of gambling therefor:
 - (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident insurance;
 - (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest;
 - (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by the law of this State;
 - (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when such transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law;
 - (5) The game commonly known as "bingo", when conducted

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- in accordance with the Bingo License and Tax Act;
- 2 (6) Lotteries when conducted by the State of Illinois 3 in accordance with the Illinois Lottery Law;
 - (7) Possession of an antique slot machine that is neither used nor intended to be used in the operation or promotion of any unlawful gambling activity or enterprise. For the purpose of this subparagraph (b)(7), an antique slot machine is one manufactured 25 years ago or earlier;
 - (8) Raffles when conducted in accordance with the Raffles Act;
 - (9) Charitable games when conducted in accordance with the Charitable Games Act;
 - (10) Pull tabs and jar games when conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act; or
 - (11) Gambling games conducted on riverboats when authorized by the Riverboat Gambling Act.
 - (c) Sentence.
- Gambling under subsection (a) (1) or (a) (2) of this Section 18 19 is a Class A misdemeanor. Gambling under any of subsections 20 (a)(3) through (a)(11) of this Section is a Class misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under any of 21 subsections (a)(3) through (a)(11), is a Class 4 felony. 22 23 Gambling under subsection (a) (12) of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under 24 25 subsection (a) (12) is a Class 4 felony.
 - (d) Circumstantial evidence.
- In prosecutions under subsection (a)(1) through (a)(12) of this Section circumstantial evidence shall have the same validity and weight as in any criminal prosecution.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 91-257, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 31 (720 ILCS 5/28-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-5)
- 32 Sec. 28-5. Seizure of gambling devices and gambling funds.
- 33 (a) Every device designed for gambling which is incapable 34 of lawful use or every device used unlawfully for gambling 35 shall be considered a "gambling device", and shall be subject

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

to seizure, confiscation and destruction by the Department of State Police or by any municipal, or other local authority, within whose jurisdiction the same may be found. As used in this Section, a "gambling device" includes any slot machine, and includes any machine or device constructed for the reception of money or other thing of value and so constructed as to return, or to cause someone to return, on chance to the player thereof money, property or a right to receive money or property. With the exception of any device designed for gambling which is incapable of lawful use, no gambling device shall be forfeited or destroyed unless an individual with a property interest in said device knows of the unlawful use of the device.

- (b) Every gambling device shall be seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs. Any money or other thing of value integrally related to acts of gambling shall be seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs.
- (c) If, within 60 days after any seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this Section, a person having any property interest in the seized property is charged with an offense, the court which renders judgment upon such charge shall, within 30 days after such judgment, conduct a forfeiture hearing to determine whether such property was a gambling device at the time of seizure. Such hearing shall be commenced by a written petition by the State, including material allegations of fact, the name and address of every person determined by the State to have any property interest in the seized property, representation that written notice of the date, time and place of such hearing has been mailed to every such person by certified mail at least 10 days before such date, and a request for forfeiture. Every such person may appear as a party and present evidence at such hearing. The quantum of proof required shall be a preponderance of the evidence, and the burden of proof shall be on the State. If the court determines that the seized property was a gambling device at the time of seizure, an order of forfeiture and disposition of the seized property

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

shall be entered: a gambling device shall be received by the State's Attorney, who shall effect its destruction, except that valuable parts thereof may be liquidated and the resultant money shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred; money and other things of value shall be received by the State's Attorney and, liquidation, shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred. However, in the event that a defendant raises the defense that the seized slot machine is an antique slot machine described in subparagraph (b) (7) of Section 28-1 of this Code and therefore he is exempt from the charge of a gambling activity participant, the seized antique slot machine shall not be destroyed or otherwise altered until a final determination is made by the Court as to whether it is such an antique slot machine. Upon a final determination by the Court of this question in favor of the defendant, such slot machine shall be immediately returned to the defendant. Such order of forfeiture and disposition shall, for the purposes of appeal, be a final order and judgment in a civil proceeding.

- (d) If a seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this Section is not followed by a charge pursuant to subparagraph (c) of this Section, or if the prosecution of such charge is permanently terminated or indefinitely discontinued without any judgment of conviction or acquittal (1) the State's Attorney shall commence an in rem proceeding for the forfeiture and destruction of a gambling device, or for the forfeiture and deposit in the general fund of the county of any seized money or other things of value, or both, in the circuit court and (2) any person having any property interest in such seized gambling device, money or other thing of value may commence separate civil proceedings in the manner provided by law.
- (e) Any gambling device displayed for sale to a riverboat gambling operation or used to train occupational licensees of a riverboat gambling operation as authorized under the Riverboat Gambling Act is exempt from seizure under this Section.

- 1 (f) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided
- 2 by a licensed supplier in accordance with the Riverboat
- 3 Gambling Act which are removed from <u>a</u> the riverboat <u>or</u>
- 4 <u>electronic gaming facility</u> for repair are exempt from seizure
- 5 under this Section.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 87-826.)
- 7 (720 ILCS 5/28-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-7)
- 8 Sec. 28-7. Gambling contracts void.
- 9 (a) All promises, notes, bills, bonds, covenants,
- 10 contracts, agreements, judgments, mortgages, or other
- 11 securities or conveyances made, given, granted, drawn, or
- 12 entered into, or executed by any person whatsoever, where the
- whole or any part of the consideration thereof is for any money
- or thing of value, won or obtained in violation of any Section
- of this Article are null and void.
- 16 (b) Any obligation void under this Section may be set aside
- and vacated by any court of competent jurisdiction, upon a
- 18 complaint filed for that purpose, by the person so granting,
- 19 giving, entering into, or executing the same, or by his
- 20 executors or administrators, or by any creditor, heir, legatee,
- 21 purchaser or other person interested therein; or if a judgment,
- 22 the same may be set aside on motion of any person stated above,
- on due notice thereof given.
- 24 (c) No assignment of any obligation void under this Section
- 25 may in any manner affect the defense of the person giving,
- granting, drawing, entering into or executing such obligation,
- or the remedies of any person interested therein.
- 28 (d) This Section shall not prevent a licensed owner of a
- 29 riverboat gambling operation or an electronic gaming licensee
- 30 <u>under the Riverboat Gambling Act and the Illinois Horse Racing</u>
- 31 Act of 1975 from instituting a cause of action to collect any
- 32 amount due and owing under an extension of credit to a
- 33 riverboat gambling patron as authorized under Section 11.1 of
- 34 the Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 35 (Source: P.A. 87-826.)

- 1 (230 ILCS 5/54 rep.)
- 2 Section 93. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is
- 3 amended by repealing Section 54.
- 4 Section 100. "An Act in relation to gambling, amending
- 5 named Acts", approved June 25, 1999, Public Act 91-40, is
- 6 amended by changing Section 30 as follows:
- 7 (P.A. 91-40, Sec. 30)
- 8 Sec. 30. Severability. If any provision of this Act (Public
- 9 Act 91-40) or the application thereof to any person or
- 10 circumstance is held invalid, that invalidity does not affect
- the other provisions or applications of the Act which can be
- 12 given effect without the invalid application or provision, and
- to this end the provisions of this Act are severable. This
- 14 <u>severability applies without regard to whether the action</u>
- 15 challenging the validity was brought before the effective date
- of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.
- 17 Inseverability. The provisions of this Act are mutually
- 18 dependent and inseverable. If any provision is held invalid
- other than as applied to a particular person or circumstance,
- 20 then this entire Act is invalid.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 22 Section 105. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 23 Sections 5.640, 5.641, and 5.642 as follows:
- 24 (30 ILCS 105/5.640 new)
- Sec. 5.640. The Intercity Development Fund.
- 26 (30 ILCS 105/5.641 new)
- Sec. 5.641. The Local Government Riverboat Gaming Fund.
- 28 (30 ILCS 105/5.642 new)
- Sec. 5.642. The South Suburban Assistance Fund.

- 1 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 2 becoming law.

1		INDEX
2	Statutes amen	ded in order of appearance
3	New Act	
4	20 ILCS 2505/2505-305	was 20 ILCS 2505/39b15.1
5	230 ILCS 5/1.2	
6	230 ILCS 5/3.24 new	
7	230 ILCS 5/3.25 new	
8	230 ILCS 5/3.26 new	
9	230 ILCS 5/3.27 new	
10	230 ILCS 5/9	from Ch. 8, par. 37-9
11	230 ILCS 5/20	from Ch. 8, par. 37-20
12	230 ILCS 5/24	from Ch. 8, par. 37-24
13	230 ILCS 5/25	from Ch. 8, par. 37-25
14	230 ILCS 5/26	from Ch. 8, par. 37-26
15	230 ILCS 5/27	from Ch. 8, par. 37-27
16	230 ILCS 5/28.1	
17	230 ILCS 5/30	from Ch. 8, par. 37-30
18	230 ILCS 5/31	from Ch. 8, par. 37-31
19	230 ILCS 5/31.1	from Ch. 8, par. 37-31.1
20	230 ILCS 5/32.1	
21	230 ILCS 5/34.2 new	
22	230 ILCS 5/36	from Ch. 8, par. 37-36
23	230 ILCS 5/42	from Ch. 8, par. 37-42
24	230 ILCS 5/56 new	
25	230 ILCS 5/57 new	
26	230 ILCS 10/3	from Ch. 120, par. 2403
27	230 ILCS 10/4	from Ch. 120, par. 2404
28	230 ILCS 10/5	from Ch. 120, par. 2405
29	230 ILCS 10/7	from Ch. 120, par. 2407
30	230 ILCS 10/7.6 new	
31	230 ILCS 10/7.7 new	
32	230 ILCS 10/8	from Ch. 120, par. 2408
33	230 ILCS 10/9	from Ch. 120, par. 2409
34	230 ILCS 10/11	from Ch. 120, par. 2411
35	230 ILCS 10/11.1	from Ch. 120, par. 2411.1

18 30 ILCS 105/5.641 new

19 30 ILCS 105/5.642 new

1	230 ILCS 10/12	from Ch. 120, par. 2412
2	230 ILCS 10/13	from Ch. 120, par. 2413
3	230 ILCS 10/13.2 new	
4	230 ILCS 10/13.3 new	
5	230 ILCS 10/14	from Ch. 120, par. 2414
6	230 ILCS 10/18	from Ch. 120, par. 2418
7	230 ILCS 10/19	from Ch. 120, par. 2419
8	230 ILCS 10/20	from Ch. 120, par. 2420
9	230 ILCS 20/1.1	from Ch. 120, par. 1051.1
10	230 ILCS 20/4	from Ch. 120, par. 1054
11	230 ILCS 20/5	from Ch. 120, par. 1055
12	720 ILCS 5/28-1	from Ch. 38, par. 28-1
13	720 ILCS 5/28-5	from Ch. 38, par. 28-5
14	720 ILCS 5/28-7	from Ch. 38, par. 28-7
15	230 ILCS 5/54 rep.	
16	P.A. 91-40, Sec. 30	
17	30 ILCS 105/5.640 new	